THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME I. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1868. NUMBER 126

The Daily Constitution.

BY CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

Subscription Rates, Payable in Advance:

DAILY CONSTITUTION, per annum..... $10.00
six months..... 5.00
One month..... 1.00

Single copies..... 10

All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance; and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

CLUB RATES:

Ten copies..... $ 80.00
Twenty copies..... 150.00

Newsdealers liberally contracted with.

SEMI-WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, per an.. 3.00
six months.... 1.50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SQUARES.	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	1 month.	2 months	3 months	6 months	12 months
1 Square	8..	6..	9..	10..	16..	20..	25..	40..
2 Squares	6..	10..	14..	16..	25..	35..	40..	70
3 Squares	8..	14..	20..	25..	40..	50..	75..	120
4 Squares	10..	18..	25..	30..	50..	60..	90..	135
5 Squares	12..	22..	30..	35..	60..	70..	105..	150
Third of a col	25..	40..	50..	60..	90..	100..	150..	200
Quarter column	35..	60..	80..	100..	130..	160..	200..	330
One column	60..	70..	100..	130..	160..	300..	300..	500

Terms cash, before or on demand after the first insertion.

Advertisements must be marked for a specified time.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged as new each insertion.

All advertisements, or notices of advertisements, under "Local Business," are chargeable at the rate of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A LINE for each insertion.

No notice will appear for a less sum than one dollar.

OBITUARIES under the head of "Special Notices," twenty cents per line for first insertion, and ten cents for each subsequent insertion.

The above prices will be charged for transient advertisements.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's sales, per levy of ten lines or less... $2 50
Sheriff's Mortgage fi. fa. sales, per square..... 5 00
Tax Collector's sales, per square..... 3 00
Citations for Letters of Administration..... 3 00
Citations for Letters of Guardianship..... 3 00
Letters of application for dismission from Administration..... 4 50
Letters of application for dismission from Guardianship..... 3 00
Applications for leave to sell Land..... 5 00
Notices to Debtors and Creditors..... 3 00
Sales of Land, etc., per square..... 5 00
Sales of perishable property, 10 days, per sqr. 1 50
Sheriff Notices, 30 days..... 3 00
Foreclosure of Mortgage, per sqr, each time.. 1 00

THE REQUIRED FOR LEGAL ADVERTISING.

Sales of Land, etc., by Administrators, Executors or Guardians, are required by law to be held on the first Tuesday in the month, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, at the Court House in the county in which the property is situated. Notices of these sales must be given in a public gazette 40 days previous to the day of sale.

Notices of the sale of personal property must be given in like manner 10 days previous to the day of sale.

Notices to the debtors and creditors of an estate must also be published 40 days.

Notice that application will be made to the Court of Ordinary for leave to sell Land, etc., must be published for two months.

Citations for letters of Administration, Guardianship, etc., must be published 30 days; for dismission from Administration, monthly 6 months; for dismission from Guardianship 40 days.

Rules for foreclosure of Mortgage must be published monthly for 4 months; for establishing lost papers, for the full space of 3 months; for compelling titles from Executors or Administrators, where bond has been given by the deceased, the full space of three months.

Publications will always be continued according to these, the legal requirements, unless otherwise ordered.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5.00 A M
Arrive at Augusta	3.45 P M.
Leave Augusta	7.00 A M.
Arrive at Atlanta	6.30 P M.

No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5.40 P M.
Arrive at Augusta	3.06 A M.
Leave Augusta	10.00 P M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.40 A M.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD.—87 miles—Fare, —— per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; E. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.58 A M
Arrive at West Point	12.39 P M
Leave West Point	12.50 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	5.25 P M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3.00 P M
Arrive at West Point	11.05 P M
Leave West Point	3.00 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	10.00 A M

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; R. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.15 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.30 P M
Leave Macon	7.45 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	2.00 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	6.30 P M
Arrive at ———	2.10 A M
Leave Macon	8.40 P M
Arrive in Atlanta	4.10 A M

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., February 19, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	8 o'clock, A M
Close at	12½ o'clock, P M
Open at	2 o'clock, P M
Close at	6 o'clock, P M

SUNDAYS.

Open at	8 o'clock, A M
Close at	10 o'clock, A M

feb19-dly THOS. G SIMMS, P. M.

ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 8 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: THOS. G. SIMMS, Postmaster; FRANK MILLS, Assistant Postmaster; J. S. NALL, Money Order and Registry Clerk and Cashier; J. C. DANIEL, Mailing Clerk; J. W. WOODRUFF, Distributing Clerk; C. BRADLEY, W. A. OKME, Delivery Clerks; M. W. SMITH, Stamp Clerk; P. H. WOODWARD, Special Agent Postoffice Department.

	Mails arr've	Mails Cl'se.
Washington, D. C	3.45, A M.	6 P M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas	3.45 "	6 "
Louisville, Cincinti, Chicago and Nashville	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga	7.45 A M	4.20 P M
Charleston	7.45 A M	4.30 P M.
Ga. R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	5 P M
Athens, Ga. and Milledgeville, Ga.	4.30 P. M.	6 A M.
M. & W. R. R. Way Mail	2.00 P. M.	6.45 A M.
Macon	4.05 A M.	6 P M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R. and Florida	4.00 A M.	6 P M.
Montgomery, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.20 P. M.	7 A M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way May	5.20 P. M.	7 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega---Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.—Weekly---Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden---Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin---semi-Weekly---Wednesdays and Saturdays.

LaGrange to Griffin---Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.

LaGrange to Columbus, via Hamilton---Tri-Weekly

Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville---Tri-Weekly

Lawrenceville to Gainesville---Weekly---Saturdays.

Athens to Gainesville---Semi-Weekly---Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Cartersville to Marble Works and Hiwassee Weekly---Tuesdays

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Cards of six lines or less, under this head, inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

H. & A. W. FORCE, Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Whitehall street, keep on hand the largest and best selected stock in Atlanta, and will sell to country merchants at New York prices, with freight added. july16-dly

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WM. BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, &c., Whitehall street, 2d door above Mynsch & Co.'s Book Store, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing in good style and warranted. nov13—dly

T. G. RUST. T. H. JOHNSON. B. B. LOCKETT.

RUST, JOHNSON & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

OFFICE DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Collections attended to and Remittances promptly made

ALBANY, GEORGIA.

june1-d3m

MACON.

PLANTERS' WAREHOUSE.

ADAMS, JONES & REYNOLDS,

WAREHOUSE

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

NEW FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE,

Near Passenger Depot,

Corner Forsyth and Poplar Streets,

ABRAM B. ADAMS, PEYTON REYNOLDS, DONALD B. JONES, } MACON, GEORGIA.

oct22-d3m

THOS. HARDEMAN, JR. O. G. SPARKS.

HARDEMAN & SPARKS,

Commission Merchants,

Macon, Ga.

TO THE PLANTERS

IN MIDDLE AND SOUTHERN GEORGIA.

FOR TWENTY YEARS we have served you, we believe faithfully. Our success depends upon your prosperity, hence we have zealously sought to promote your interest and advanced it by every means in our power. As Commission Merchants, we again tender you our services at our old stand, which has withstood the flames of a burning square (thereby proving its security), and where we hope to merit the very liberal patronage always given us.

The sale of Cotton is our speciality. We flatter ourselves none can excel us. To old friends we return thanks; to new ones, we say try us, we will try to please you.

Usual accommodations given to enable you to make a crop. sep23-d3m

JAMES H. ANDERSON. LOUIS F. ANDERSON.

J. H. ANDERSON & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GENERAL PRODUCE

AND

Commission Merchants

THIRD STREET,

Adjoining Hardeman & Sparks' Warehouse

MACON GA

June16-d3m

E. E. BROWN. W. F. BROWN.

BROWN'S HOTEL,

(Opposite Depot)

MACON GA!

THIS long and well known Hotel, with its unequalled system, still presents itself to the traveling public.

The House was opened on the 1st of January, 1856, and took at once a prominent position among the "first class" Hotels of the country. It has never been closed since, but it has been steadily increasing in prosperity, till it acknowledges no successful rival in the business in the State.

Recent improvements and refurnishing of the House, which is still in the hands of the Proprietors, have left nothing to be desired by those who love their ease and enjoy the comforts and luxuries of life. The Hotel is admirably situated for the convenience of the travelling public, being situated opposite the Passenger Depot, and but a few steps from the same. It has a retinue of well trained servants in every department, and the Proprietors will spare no pains or expense to sustain the established reputation of the Hotel. Special attention paid to the wants of lady guests, who may sojourn at the House, and none shall go away dissatisfied, if an earnest endeavor to please will secure a liberal share of the public patronage. apr8—dly

LANIER HOUSE,

MACON, GA.

COLLIER & BOYS

Having assumed the management of this House, respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

Free Omnibus to and from the House. Attentive Porters. oct8-d3m

SAVANNAH.

H. W. MERCER, Late Cashier Planters' Bank of Georgia. EDWARD C. ANDERSON, JR.

MERCER & ANDERSON, BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, SAVANNAH, GA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COTTON.

Liberal advances made on Consignments to us for sale, or Shipment to our friends in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York or Liverpool.

Wishing to aid our Planter friends in their efforts to secure for themselves the full benefit of their Cotton Crops, we have determined to make advances on Cotton consigned to us on the following easy terms:

On Cotton, for sale at discretion, advance seventy-five (75) per cent. of its market value, charging interest on the advance until the Cotton is sold at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum.

On Cotton, to be held Thirty Days, advance fifty (50) per cent. of market value, charging the regular commission for advancing, 2½ per cent., and interest on the advance at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum.

On Cotton, to be held Sixty Days, fifty (50) per cent. of its market value, charging commission for advancing, 2½ per cent., and interest on the advance at the rate of one (1) per cent. per month.

In all cases the advance will be based upon the market value of the Cotton on the day it reaches us. MERCER & ANDERSON.

oct10d3m

MARKING INK,

20 (TWENTY) CENTS per gallon, by the barrel, containing forty gallons, (including the barrel.)

Manufactured and sold by

ALEX. GALLOWAY.

35 Drayton street,

Savannah, Georgia.

oct22-d3w

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS!

CUSTOMERS OF

SAVANNAH FAST FREIGHT LINE!

MERCHANTS shipping from New York via Savannah are requested to ship ONLY by the Lines of

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., 61 and 63 South street,

LIVINGSTON, WOLFE & CO., 88 Liberty street,

WM. R. GARRISON, 5 Bowling Green.

Who are the ONLY persons in New York authorized to sign

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING

—AT—

Through Rates via Savannah

Over the Central Railroad and its connections.

The arrangement between Steamships and Central Road is such that shipments by other than the Lines named above will be charged at LOCAL RATES.

Be particular to have all goods marked to the care of C. R. R. Agent, Savannah," and for information concerning the Line, its Rates, &c. Apply to

R. A. ANDERSON, Agent, M. and W. R. R., Atlanta,

Or GEO. YONGE, Agent, Central R. R., No. 1 Park Place, N. Y.

oct17—d1m

R. M. ROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS.

Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

jan16-dly

O. A. LOCHRANE,

Attorney & Counsellor

AT LAW,

ATLANTA, Ga. Office in the building of the United States Court, on Broad street, formerly occupied by Brown & Pope, will practice in the Superior Courts of Fulton and Bibb counties, in the United States District and Circuit Courts at Atlanta and Savannah, and in the Supreme Court of the State.

The unfinished business of Brown & Pope is in course of preparation and will be completed by me Office hours from 9 to 2, and from 3 to 6 o'clock sept9 d3m

OLIVER & WADDAIL,

Commission Merchants,

Corner Alabama and Forsyth streets,

Atlanta ..... Georgia,

Agents for arietta Paper Mills,

Keep constantly on hand Printing and Wrapping Paper of different sizes. oct14-dtf

GEO. J. HOWARD,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

MARIETTA ST.,

Atlanta, Georgia.

ORDERS for all descriptions of GROCERIES filled at lowest market prices.

Consignments of country produce solicited. Will make returns promptly. nov1-dfw

MARK W. JOHNSON,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

ATLANTA, GA.

GUANO A SPECIALTY. CASH ADVANCED on Merchandise; also on Cotton shipped to New York or Savannah. Office at H. G. Bell's, Whitehall street. nov1-2t

SAMUEL MEYER,

COTTON FACTOR

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

(Office at Glenn, Wright & Carr's Warehouse.)

Liberal advances made on shipments to our friends in New York, Liverpool and Savannah.

sept15-d6m

ELAM CHRISTIAN,

General Commission Merchant,

GRIFFIN, GEORGIA.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

REFERENCES:—Col. C. W. Styles, Gen. J. B. Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. Hon. Warren Aiken, Bartow County, Ga. W. A. Huff & Co., T. W. Freeman & Co., Macon, Ga. aug23d

MORRIS & TRIMBLE,

Importers. Manufacturers and Dealers in

French Burr and other Mill Stones,

BOLTING CLOTHS,

BEST quality Anker Brand, by the piece or cut to order. Smut Machines, Belting, and Mill Furnishing Goods generally.

WEST FALLS AVENUE,

Near Pratt Street Bridge, Baltimore.

aug18-d3m

P. E. McDANIEL. C. H. STRONG. B. F. MOSES.

McDANIEL, STRONG & CO.,

Cotton Warehouse

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner Prior and Hunter Sts.,

In sight of the Passenger Depot, and near the United States and American Hotels,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WITH the advent of another Cotton Season, we renew to our friends and patrons the offer of our services in the storage and sale of their cotton. We have demonstrated the fact by the experience of past seasons, and particularly of the last, that Atlanta is one of the best interior cotton markets of the South. This is due chiefly to her situation being on the direct route from the producing districts to the large seaport marts, and having the advantage of three routes to New York, via Savannah, Charleston and Norfolk, all of which are freely and satisfactorily used. The large stance of Atlanta as a cotton market was, during the last season, acknowledged by the New York buyers, many of whom made extensive purchases, which with the local competition enabled us to realize the most satisfactory prices; relatively higher in most instances than could have been obtained by our consignors, by shipments to more distant points.

The members of our firm are all men of large experience in cotton, and well known in the community. Our Warehouse cannot be surpassed, being of large dimensions, completely sheltered, and fire-proof. Every known facility usual in such cases we are prepared to furnish.

McDANIEL, STRONG & Co.

aug27-d3m

EVENING EDITION

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 9.

DON'T STEAL ME, for I am private property, bought and paid for by a subscriber, one who sustains the press and wants to read me.

DON'T BORROW ME, for my owner don't like it, and, besides, the machine will turn you out a copy just like me for three cents and a half, and you ought to sustain the press. Go and subscribe, and keep your conscience easy.

TO CAMPAIGN SUBSCRIBERS.—Your subscriptions expire on the 15th instant. We would be much pleased to continue your names on our books, and when we tell you that we fought through the late canvass unaided, except by the returns of legitimate journalism, and at very great pecuniary sacrifice, we are induced to hope that you will come to our assistance and renew your subscriptions for six or twelve months. The amount to each of you is insignificant, but to us, when aggregated, sufficient to place us beyond embarrassment and secure to you a paper second to none in the State.

If you think we have discharged our duty faithfully, to the party and the cause for which we fought, and you appreciate our services in that behalf, you will promptly respond to this appeal. If you think otherwise, and fail to renew, your names will be dropped on the 15th, and our brief but pleasant intercourse will cease.

You are aware that we are the recipients of no government favors, or favors from any source where it could not be obtained by unswerving fidelity to our cause, and open defiance to power and oppression. We shall not deviate from the straight line of duty that we have trod thus far, nor strike our colors till Georgia be surrendered to the dominion of the damned—a few days after the crack of doom.

THE CITY.—There has perhaps never been a time when so much caution, care and judgment were necessary in the selection of municipal officers, as the present. We are just emerging from a long night of darkness and disaster, and as the dawn gradually sheds its gray streaks over our shattered fortunes and penetrates the sombre recesses of our exchequer, the sad reality is revealed that we are but shreds and fragments, and disjointed components of a disorganized system of commerce and finance. In the confusion, uncertainty and doubt that have brooded over the city like the pall of death for the last three years, but few, if any, paused to survey the situation, and fewer still were willing to risk a remedy, lest in excavating to strengthen the foundation the superstructure should topple from its base and crush all in its ruins. Now, we are about to strike out on a long and lasting adventure for the goal to which we aspire—progressive enterprise and permanent prosperity. If we would succeed we must have a solid basis, and it becomes necessary to examine the very foundation stones and see if they be real granite or only theories resting upon quicksands of fiction.

That our finances are in as good condition as the times would allow, no one doubts, nor do we call in question their management in the past; but it is time to clear away the debris from which arises the malaria of distrust and want of confidence, to readjust the foundation and underpinning, and with material that shall bear the test of honest measurement, proceed to erect a superstructure symmetrical in proportions, and as permanent in durability as the pyramids.

Our present condition and immediate future demand the utmost skill in the management of our municipal affairs, and while we need and must have men of experience and consummate financial ability, we want activity, energy, and enterprise, and every interest of the city appeals to the citizens to select men possessing these high and important qualifications.

"INTIMIDATION."—If it be true, as stated by the *Era* and the National Republican, that a Radical majority in Georgia was changed to a Democratic majority of 45,000 by "intimidation," those papers must acknowledge that theirs is a party of cowards. Well, if they are cowardly, and were so hacked by the prowess of the Democrats in the late election, what may be expected in future, now that we have found out how easy it is to scare 'em? We shall certainly continue the same sort of "intimidation," for it turns out majorities, and don't hurt any body. We thank the *Era* and Republican for writing the word "coward" across their trailing banners. Stick to it Rads, and you may escape the lash, for the chivalry is ashamed to strike cowards.

HON. B. H. HILL.—A statement is going the rounds of the press, says the LaGrange Reporter, that Mr. Hill will soon make his residence in Augusta. This is a mistake. He only intends to open a law office in that city and concentrate his business there, while his family will continue to reside in Athens. This is the statement Mr. H. made to us.

SOUTH GEORGIA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.—The contract for clearing, grubbing and grading the above road, was secured by our enterprising fellow-citizen, Col. William McLendon, who, we understand, has associated with him a number of gentlemen, of equal energy and reliability, and they agree to finish the work from Thomasville to Albany in twelve months. The contract for the bridging was secured by G. W. Smith, of Cuthbert, a gentleman fully competent to carry it out with all the promptness required. Thus the company have put the whole line under contract, and with their determination to follow the grading with the track-laying we may safely expect the whole road to be completed in time for the next crop.—*Albany News.*

STARTLING ANNOUNCEMENT.

Union League Leaders Urge the Negroes to Riot for Party Ends.

Circular from Headquarters.

A Masterpiece of Devilish malignity.

We publish below, says the Nashville Union and American, from a North Carolina journal, a very important secret circular from the headquarters of the Union League at Washington, to members of the League who are leaders of the Radical party in the South. This circular instructs the faithful to whom it was intrusted how to restrain the negroes from leaving the Radicals and joining the Democrats.—Here we have portrayed the machinery by which the Radicals control the negro population of the Southern States. Every sort of misrepresentation and promise is to be made to them so that they may be held faithful to the Radical cause, and when these fail, the emissaries sent out among them are instructed to "burn one of their cabins, kill their stock and destroy the crops, and charge it as the work of the Conservatives." Here we have a clue to the many outrages that have been committed on negroes in the South.

It is by such outrages that the prejudices of the negroes are to be excited against the men with whom they propose to live. Let the reader turn to this secret circular and look at the cool, calculating infamy of the suggestion that these tools of the League should provoke a riot, "such as was inaugurated in New Orleans and Memphis," because such an event could be used to the advantage of the party at the North. A more infamous suggestion never emanated from the brain of devils.

THE CIRCULAR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 14, 1868.—*Brother:* It is with feelings of deep regret and alarm that the loyal body of the U. L. and C. G. learn that the negroes of the South are leaving the Republican ranks, and identifying themselves with the Democracy, and to such an extent is this dissatisfaction existing among the negroes in each and all the Southern States, that it is now by only applying severe remedies and by unceasing labor that we will be enabled to control the electoral vote of the South.

The society has sent a copy of this circular to each leader of the U. L. and C. G. in each Congressional district throughout the South, and it looks to you for a faithful performance of each of the following suggestions:

You will make your usual reports, and by the former channel, and state precisely the state of affairs in your district, and if you continue to lose from your ranks, or are gaining back the recreants.

Firstly. You must hold tri-weekly meetings of your league, and as much oftener as the interests of the party and the excitement of the negroes will admit. During the session tell them of some outrage (imaginary if necessary) as having been committed against their race by the Conservatives, and in strong terms denounce the guilty perpetrators. Then swear them to secresy, and by our usual methods make an impression on their feeble minds and convince them of your plan to place them in power, and make them the masters of the South, etc. Deplore their present position and argue with them it is their fault alone they do not possess the farms.

Secondly. Drill them like soldiers and be prepared for any emergency. Control the negroes like slaves. Keep them in alarm and excitement all the time, and have one a spy upon another.

Caution the backsliders of the vengeance of the U. L. and G. C., and by intimidation and the love of power and freedom—threaten them with evil. Should indifference or apathy exist among them, you must then appeal to their ignorance, charging the Democracy with a scheme to re-enslave them, and, in failing to do this, they propose to kidnap them as soon as Seymour and Blair are elected and sell them into Cuba and Brazil.

Thirdly. You must promise them farms, mules and bread for voting for Grant and Colfax, and assure them that they would have been supplied with them long since had not Andrew Johnson and the Democracy interfered. They are credulous enough to believe this, and by such assurances you can work to a good advantage.

Fourthly. Promise them the majority of all the offices as soon as Grant and Colfax are elected, stating in excuse for inquiry (delay?) that their Northern and Southern friends demand them at present, but they shall have their choice after the election.—You calm their excited demands with this, and when once in power we can act as we please.

Fifthly. Prejudice their minds against the fact that the native Southerners are their friends, poison every friendly relation existing between the two races, and state they only allow them to work their farms for profit, and the fear that the Republican party would confiscate them and give them to the negroes. Impose upon their minds that the land rightly belongs to them exhort them, however not to attempt to possess them at present, but never allow them to lose sight of the imaginary and assumed ownership. Denounce the Conservatives, and convince them that it is this power alone that is keeping them out of possession. They are avaricious and stupid enough to credit this.

Sixthly. You must abuse the Democracy by calling them "Copperheads," "Rebels," "Secessionists," "Traitors," "Slaveholders," etc., and *educate* the negroes to do the same; and rather than arrest any ill-feeling, irritate it and unite the negroes on the side of their race. You can thus be instrumental in provoking a riot, and we will make the most of it in the campaign. A riot now, such as we inaugurated in New Orleans and Memphis, is what we want and need. Should you find the negroes, after argument disposed to be peaceful, advise the Secretary in time, and orators from the North will be sent you, who are well qualified for the business, and can render you valuable assistance in your work.

Seventhly. At every Democratic meeting deploy your men about, and disturb it as much as possible. If riot ensues, at once charge it upon the Conservatives, and telegraph the U. L. and C. G. at once, as we may have the first news published in our favor.

Eighthly. The negroes are our slaves, and we must use them. Nothing must be left undone from keeping them from identifying themselves with their natural friends and interests, and should you find them disposed to do so, burn one of their cabins, kill their stock and destroy their crops, and charge it as the work of the Conservatives, who are ever bent on vengeance on the African, and whose prayer is to ruin him, and to burn the roof from over the heads of his children, and on the spot volunteer aid in rebuilding it. Their prejudice, and sympathy, and ignorance, will be enlisted in your behalf, and a corresponding enmity ripened against the native Southerner.

The foregoing is intended to be strictly confidential, which will come under the heading of your oaths. [illegible] duty, you will then destroy it, and without any delay commence on your work. You must be vigilant and untiring in your exertions, as we cannot afford to lose the Southern vote, and by complying strictly with the above, and charging all disturbances and outrages upon the Democracy, will enlist the sympathy of the North with us.

By order of the U. L. and C. G., Secretary 713.

A "LOYAL" JUDGE.—A scalawag named Sabin, is the military appointee to the office of Circuit Court Judge in the Brenham, Texas, district. His fitness for the position may be judged from the following, which appears in a late number of the Brenham Inquirer:

On Saturday night's train arrived the Judge, slightly fainting. On Sunday, and especially at night, the Judge became beastly drunk, using language to good citizens unbecoming his position—which alone saved him from a sound pummelling. On Monday morning reports were rife of the departure of the Judge. Shortly, however, it was ascertained that he had departed for the country in company with a freedman, in search of buttermilk. Jurors and witnesses were pouring into town. During the evening the Judge returned, and after imbibing, attempted to reach the court-house, in which he finally succeeded. After cooning the steps of the court-yard and climbing up the steps, he succeeded in reaching the bench. The court was called and then adjourned until 4 o'clock the following day. The Judge was certainly the muddiest man, and exhibits the appearance of having been wallowing with the hogs. By the assistance of an attorney he was enabled to reach the hotel amid the laugh and jeers of thousands who witnessed this strange precedence.

The wet evening, 4 o'clock, P. M., found the Judge in no better condition, but he finally managed to reach the stand, shorn of the extra mud. Court was called, the grand jury organized, with but little or no change. Court adjourned, and the Judge called at the bar, took another smile, and reached his hotel. During the night he became no better.

On Wednesday morning about day, in a bar-room, he announced his intention of going down on the train. When asked what he would do with the Court, he said, "let it go to h—ll." "Then, Judge, what will you do about the grand jury now sitting?" He remarked, "Let them sit till the Thatch."

The train conveyed the Judge on his home and trip.

The above is a plain, unvarnished statement of facts, as we hear and have seen, and needs no comment at our hands. The Judge is a military appointee.

A dispatch was duly forwarded on Tuesday last to General Reynolds, setting forth the condition of legal matters, and asking the appointment of some proper person to hold this term of the Court. We learn that last evening the following name was announced as the appointee: George R. Scott.

Vesuvius—Another Eruption Described.

Naples, (Oct. 12,) Cor. of the London Times.]

Another eruption of Vesuvius is a *fait accompli*, and to quote the words of one of our journals, the mountain, like royalty, is honored with a dat Bulletin. I call it another eruption; but in truth, Vesuvius has not been quiet since last November, when it astonished visitors and alarmed the inhabitants of the immediate neighborhood by its brilliant displays. The same cone which was then in action has been more or less active ever since; but it is only since the beginning of this month that evident signs were observed of increasing action. The Scientific apparatus on the mountain about October 1st gave the first unmistakable signs of what was coming. Then the puffs of light steam or smoke grew into columns of dark black smoke—tongues of lambent fire followed, just licking the edges of the crater, accompanied by discharges of artillery and heavy showers of red hot lava and ashes. Day after day this activity increased, until, on the night of the 8th inst., after a slight shock, the old cone was rent in two, and a deluge of lava came rushing forth and ran down to the foot of the great cone, crossing at the point a new path which has been traced out for the convenience of visitors. Since that the course of the lava has increased in abundance and rapidity, and, as the agitation of the scientific instruments is increasing also, there is every probability that the exhibition will be as magnificent as it was at the beginning of the year. The wind, which has for some time been in the Southeast, bears the copious volumes of smoke toward the Northwest, sweeping over the Bay just in front of Naples, while the Cavallo, in the direction of the Hermitage, presenting from a distance a magnificent spectacle. Especially does it so now, when clouds sweep wildly over the sky, for stratum after stratum is lit up until the whole atmosphere appears to be on fire. To add to the grandeur and solemnity of the scene, the detonations, or rather "thunderings," have been frequent and loud, shaking the ground in the neighborhood more or less severely. From the commencement of the new symptoms Prof. Palmer has been in residence at the Observatory, in order to confirm the observations which he made at the beginning of the year. You will remember that one of the observations led him to adopt the theory that volcanic action is subject to a certain degree of lunar influence. Of course, all to whom an irruption is a novelty, have been rushing over to ascend the mountain; the weather has, however, been most inauspicious, and on several evenings travelers have been driven back by the violence of the storms. At great crowds of visitors may be expected, I repeat the expression of a hope that at Resina and elsewhere on the line of route better accommodations and greater facilities may be provided for those who make the ascent. Horses are often wanting, order and regularity almost always. No one should be permitted to go up the mountain while in conflagration without a guide, and the tariff of the guide should not only be regulated but enforced.

WHAT THE HERALD EXPECTS.—The New York Herald, after announcing the election of General Grant, says:

We look forward to a good administration from General Grant. From his experience in the War Department we expect that in the matter of retrenchment he will save, as President, hundreds of millions to the Treasury, and that before he is two years in office the people will appreciate the advantages of his practical reforms in the lightening of our burdens of taxation and in the steady approximation of greenbacks to the gold standard. We expect, too, that under his conservative policy towards the South the value of southern lands will so rapidly rise in value as to divert a heavy tide of emigration, enterprise and speculation Southward, and that before the end of his administration negro suffrage and the national debt will cease to frighten anybody. Finally, we expect that the election of Gen. Grant will be the beginning of the end of Radicalism and the dawn of a new and better dispensation.

We know no reason why the credit of the State of Georgia should not be equal to that of any State in the Union.—*Atlanta Intelligencer.*

Is the existence in Georgia of a usurping government, set up by the bayonet, in defiance of law, in opposition to the will of the people, and not representing the sovereignty of the State, no reason why the credit of the State should not be as good as that of any State in the Union?—*Republican.*

BY TELEGRAPH

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Gen. Grant in Washington.

Martial Law in Arkansas.

Consecration of Bishop Ames.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—General Grant has arrived. No demonstration was made here. He arrives to-morrow.

Congress will merely meet and adjourn on the tenth.

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 8.—Rogers, Republican, has been elected to Congress from the third district, third doubtful. Martial law is over Little Rock and Pulaski county.

MONDAY'S DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK, November 9.—The Gen. Meade collided with the Marmion from Savannah near Scotland light house, the ship cutting the Marmion below water line. The Meade brought on the passengers and part of the crew of the Marmion, but the Meade ran on Jersey flats to prevent sinking. The Lackawana has gone to the Marmion's assistance. The Marmion sunk to her decks, but has plenty of assistance.

BUFFALO, November 9.—Bishop S. V. Rogan was consecrated yesterday. Seven thousand present.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 9.—The Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias, with delegates from New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, Louisiana and Nebraska, met this morning, Supreme Chancellor Samuel Reed, of New Jersey, presiding. The order numbers 97,000 in the States represented.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 9.—The Courier and Journal have consolidated. The paper appears this morning as the Louisville Courier and Journal.

PLYMOUTH, November 9.—The emigrant steamers Parmerston and Hamburg, for New York, six weeks out, returned to this port in a leaking condition.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 9.—Money in demand at 7. Sterling 9½. Gold 1 34½. 1862 coupons 8½. North Carolina's 63½, new 65. Virginia ex-coupons 55½, new 57. Tennessee's 69, new 68½. Flour and wheat dull. Corn a shade firmer. Pork unsettled at 27 75@28 00. Lard quiet at 25. Turpentine 44½. Rosin 2 80@3 00. Cotton dull; sales 2 93; strained 2 40@2 50.

LONDON, November 9, P. M.—Consols for money 93¾. Bonds 73¾.

LIVERPOOL, November 9, P. M.—Cotton dull; 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs dull. Flour 27s. Turpentine 9ns.

LIVERPOOL, November 9, P. M.—Cotton dull and quiet. Corn 38s. 6d. Lard dull at 75s. 9d.

HAVRE, November 9.—Cotton dull; low middlings at 1 25.

THE CI[illegible]

THIRD WARD MEETING.—[illegible] meeting of the 3d Ward Democratic Club will be held at the Fair Ground, on Monday evening, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of nominating [illegible] men to represent the Ward, and [illegible] tion of other important business. Every Democrat in the Ward is earnestly requested to be present promptly at 7 o'clock.

By order of the President.

9t HENRY PHILLIPS, Sec'y.

DEATH OF REV. FATHER J. P. [illegible]. Private dispatches received in this city this evening, brought the sad intelligence of the death of Father O'Neill. He was at one time a resident in Atlanta, where by his [illegible] Catholicity, he endeared himself to his congregation, and by his [illegible] learning, to the citizens generally [illegible] wards the last few years [illegible] charge of the Catholic [illegible] unable to perform the duties of his calling by reason of protracted ill health. For several months previous to his death he had been residing in Baltimore, under the care of the good sisters of that city. His sufferings were long and agonizing, but he bore them like a true soldier of Christ, and has now gone to reap the reward of a life spent in the service of God.

"THE DIGNITY OF LABOR."—Rev. Charles W. Thomas, Rector of St. Phillip's Church, will deliver a series of sermons on this subject during the present month, on each successive Sabbath evening, at his church. The first of the series was delivered last night to a large and delighted congregation, and as it is a subject which, perhaps, more than any other concerns to people at this time, we hope the younger portion of our community will go and hear what a wise man. He will invest the theme with interest.

Mr. Editor: It is the desire of a number of the citizens of the Second Ward that Mr. Levi C. Wells, an old and tried citizen of the next Council. With the hope that consent to run, we announce his name

The Daily Constitution.

THE CONSTITUTION
LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND
CIRCULATION
published at this point,
hundred
MORE THAN ANY TWO.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 10

For Congress, Seventh District,

GEN. P. M. B. YO[illegible]G,

OF BARTOW COUNTY.

Democratic Nominations

FOR CONGRESS.

1. [illegible]NSELL, of Thomas.
2. NELSON TIFT, of Dougherty.
3. HUGH BUCHANAN, of Coweta
4. THOS. G. LAWSON, of Putnam.
6. WEIR BOYD, of Lumpkin.
7. P. M. B. YOUNG, of Bartow.

CIRCULAR.

Dear Sir: WE HAVE LABORED FAITHFULLY AND ZEALOUSLY FOR THE CAUSE OF DEMOCRACY, CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTY AND THE BEST INTERESTS OF OUR OWN STATE. WE ARE SOLACED WITH A CONSCIOUSNESS OF HAVING DONE OUR DUTY.

THE CANVASS BEING OVER, WE SHALL DEVOTE MORE SPACE TO COMMERCE, INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS, MINING INTERESTS AND LITERATURE. WE ARE DETERMINED THAT THE CONSTITUTION SHALL BE FULLY UP TO THE DEMANDS OF THE HIGHEST REQUIREMENT OR THE MOST CULTIVATED TASTE IN ITS SEVERAL DEPARTMENTS.

MOST OF OUR SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE FOR SHORT PERIODS—ONE, TWO AND THREE MONTHS, AND FOR THE CAMPAIGN. WE APPEAL FOR A RENEWAL OF THESE SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR A LONGER TERM—SIX AND TWELVE MONTHS. IF BUT ONE HALF THE NAMES ON OUR SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS WILL RENEW FOR SIX MONTHS ONLY, WE WILL HAVE THE MEANS TO MAKE THE CONSTITUTION ONE OF [illegible] BEST PAPERS IN THE SOUTH. WE MAKE A DIRECT APPEAL, EARNESTLY HOPING [illegible] OUR FRIENDS THROUGHOUT THE STATE [illegible]SPOND PROMPTLY [illegible] LIBERALLY.

[illegible]NT SERVANTS,

[illegible]REY W. STYELS & CO.

Proprietors Constitution.

[illegible]ur returns, though not obtainable [illegible]spot [illegible]or, are nearly correct. [illegible] counties, taken from [illegible] slightly from the official [illegible]ATY [illegible]lable is complete it [illegible]. We believe His Excellency [illegible]ords his official count for [illegible] Kluxer remembers the [illegible]d we are always up to [illegible]

[illegible]WD MEETINGS TO-NIGHT.—[illegible] should bear in mind that the [illegible]o-night to nominate Alderman [illegible]tes, and that it is the duty of [illegible] turn out and assist in making [illegible]ons.

[illegible]re two important questions to [illegible]ess and availability. These [illegible] whole party should harmonize [illegible]te. Personal preferences [illegible]ould yield to the will of [illegible]ority, and all should [illegible] brothers engaged in a common cause, and struggling for a common end. We should be sorry to see any gentleman hunting the office—rather let the office search for and find the right man.

THE BANNER COUNTY.—Which is it? Quite a number claim the honor, but as yet we are unable to determine which is entitled to it. Several have cyphers in Grant's column, and it would seem that they should share it, but it is questionable whether one of the black belt counties is not the lucky one.

THE DAILY LONDON TELEGRAPH.—To Mr. [illegible] Parsons we are indebted for a [illegible] the Telegraph of 23d October, the [illegible]ture of which is a speech delivered [illegible] before at Liverpool, by Hon Rev- [illegible]Johnson, our Minister to the Court of [illegible], on the occasion of a public re- [illegible]n given him by the Chamber of [illegible] of that city, and a leader in the Tel- [illegible]evoted thereto. As usual on such [illegible]ns the best of feeling prevailed, each [illegible]pledging to forget the prejudices [illegible]ave retroacted mutually from each [illegible] the Atlantic upon the other, and in [illegible]ur [illegible] that olden hatred between [illegible]es, extending as far back [illegible]days.

[illegible]we are rather disgusted [illegible]illy "hob nobbing" between two [illegible]ons when the object of it is so [illegible] the most careless observer. [illegible]ntastic tricks of the Alabama [illegible] war let there be a just settle- [illegible]of these banquet assurances [illegible] relations to be maintained [illegible]wo in future.

[illegible]hnson would address himself [illegible]e of his mission in a dignified [illegible]ner let him give us [illegible]ches and more of his [illegible]

[illegible]ILROAD.—We learn [illegible]ckholders of this [illegible]Telegraph, advertised [illegible]third, did not take [illegible]d to put the question [illegible]should surrender its [illegible] and go into liquida- [illegible]ting took place, the [illegible]journed indefinitely.

[illegible]ron GOVERNOR.—[illegible]re placing the name [illegible] of their [illegible]

[illegible] Tennessee. A [illegible] the Louisville [illegible]understood there [illegible]ures the nomi- [illegible]ive it.

[illegible] The funeral of [illegible] the most touch- [illegible]nstrations that we [illegible]ity. The sym- [illegible]family, thus suddenly [illegible]loved member by [illegible]rial and sincere, [illegible]including the bar [illegible]Circuit Court, and [illegible]best citizens, as- [illegible]of his father, and [illegible]acent, and sub- [illegible]ns of the young [illegible]place in Laurel [illegible]t say more, but [illegible]such a subject. [illegible]r heartfelt sym- [illegible]the authors of [illegible]alled to es-

Georgia and the South in a Financial View.

Now that the election is over and national politics disposed of for a time, it becomes us at the South to increase our industrial energies and to rebuild our lost fortunes as fast as possible. To do this, with the resources at command, a few years will suffice. Already our financial condition is far better than would appear at a superficial glance. From the impoverished state of the South at the close of the war, she is rapidly rebounding into prosperity. That she will continue stagnant for lack of capital is an erroneous conclusion. The uncertainty of her political status since the war has been a great drawback to her prosperity. Her own capitalists were unwilling to risk an uncertain and anomalous state of affairs, whilst capital from abroad has been kept back by the untoward aspect of enterprise in our midst. But to-day the South has sufficient surplus capital of her own to stimulate to the highest degree of activity, every needful branch of industry, and to carry into successful operation every enterprise which may be necessary to her present and perspective good. This fact we propose to establish beyond a doubt.

The present cotton crop of the South is estimated in value at $250,000,000. We presume the most accurate staticians would not place it at a less figure than this. In the production of this crop the planters were not forced to anticipate as in the former ones, since the close of the war, by drawing largely on its value in advance. Hence it is estimated by the best of financiers, that of this amount $100,000,000 will be held for investment, or else remain unemployed. What disposition will be made of it? No portion of it by its present holders will be invested in lands. Of these they already have more than they have use for, beside millions of acres for sale. Labor is becoming more and more reliable, and therefore if any thing, tending to a cheaper rate. There are but two channels in which it can find profitable investment—manufactures and internal improvements. They are highly necessary to our future greatness. With these, Georgia and the South will be truly independent of the outside world. The lowest estimate of Georgia's portion of the cotton crop is $30,000,000. Prorated equally among the one hundred and thirty-two counties in the State it would give to each the sum of $242,000.

The present estimate of the National Bank circulation throughout the entire country is $300,000,000, that of Treasury Notes $400,000,000 showing that the $250,000,000 accruing to the South from the present cotton crop is more than one-third of the circulation of the whole country. The National Bank capital of Georgia at present is only $1,600,000, which is less by more than half than that employed by either of her principal cities before the war, but with her present surplus capital, she may in a short time increase the amount to meet all the necessary demands of commerce and trade, as well as to supply capital for legitimate business purposes at a far less rate of interest than has obtained since the clos of the war.

Under this view of our financial condition, our people have much, very much to encourage them with the immediate prospect in store. By applying all their energies to the resources at command, they will very soon reach a state of comparative pecuniary independence. Politically, King Cotton is dethroned, but in a commercial and financial sense he bids fair soon to resume his reign and exert a greater influence than ever in our material affairs.

Popular Feeling at Washington Against the Negro.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Gazette, writing under date of the 3d inst., says:

"The news of the negro outrages in the South was received with intense, but suppressed excitement. Washington is rapidly coming to the state in which the South has been for months—a volcano of intense, bitter feeling towards the negro, which at any time may burst forth and wipe them from existence. We have among us, as they have in Georgia, hundreds of Bradleys and carpet-baggers that countenance the negroes in any acts of violence or villainy they may choose to commit. None of the negroes that perpetrated the robberies and assaults while marching in a Radical procession a short time ago have been brought to justice. Nor is it probable they will ever be, under the present Washington *regime*. These unnoticed outrages will countenance and breed others that may eventually place Washington with its forty-eight thousand negroes on an equal footing with New Orleans and Savannah.

Telegrams announce that the negroes threatened to burn Savannah to-night. If the citizens are as well prepared for such an emergency as are the whites of Washington, we have no fears for their safety."

Will our true position never be understood? The above paragraph is strangely at variance with the feelings and aspirations of the people of the South. *There is no "volcano of intense, bitter feeling towards the negro" at the South.* We mean the negro as a race—there are many mischievous, dangerous, and villainous individuals among them, who, in common with all carpet-baggers and *simon pure* Radical scalawags, towards whom there is a "volcano of intense, bitter feeling;" but towards the great mass of the negro population there is no such feeling; on the contrary, the almost universal feeling of the Democrats of the South towards them is kindness, forbearance and pity. We understand the negro perfectly, and are not surprised that the systematic efforts of cunning and remorseless falsehood, to secure his vote, have for a time alienated him from his true friends and his best interests. We only wonder that he has not added to their worst teachings and most [illegible]ical purposes.

[illegible] negro's interests and the white's are identical in all the material affairs of life, and every consideration of agricultural prosperity, social order and moral progress appeals to the heart and the head for friendly relations and harmony of purpose. We need the negro, and he cannot exist without our assistance. He has the bone and muscle for labor, and we have the lands and the stock for industrial pursuits. Our laws secure just compensation to the one, and ample protection to the other. Reverence for these laws, and the inate sense of justice that pervades the Southern population, must, in the end, dissipate all animosities and prejudices, restore peace and tranquility, and firmly establish a good understanding and indissoluble friendship between the races.

The Savannah Republican closes an interesting article with the following sensible views on this subject:

From this day henceforth the negro is to be a charge upon the white people of the South, and we may as well begin to prepare for the responsibility. We are his natural guardians, and the only people on earth to whom he can look to for justice and protection in this day of his humiliation. We trust there will be a proper appreciation and recognition of this responsibility, and our people should not allow themselves to be driven from their obligations in this regard by the few isolated instances of mischievous and ungrateful conduct on the part of the blacks. They are an ignorant and unsuspecting race, and never before were the weak so ingeniously and systematically plied by a corrupt and designing. Every species of wickedness and falsehood has been impressed upon their minds by emissaries, white and black specially delegated to deceive and mislead them. This diabolical influence is waning daily. The negro is opening their eyes to the true character of their self-constituted leaders, and in a brief trust soon to see the whole pack of heartless wretches driven back to their congenial soil. It will be long before the shall be entirely rid of the bad influence exerted by these men, and it devolves upon their victims to divest themselves of it as soon as possible and identify themselves in sympathy and interest with the white people of the South. In this way alone can the two races live together in harmony and work to the advantage of both. We believe the whites are willing to do their full share toward this happy consummation—let the blacks strive to do theirs, for with them everything depends upon it.

Views of a Moderate Republican.

The New York Times of the 6th devotes an editorial of two columns and more to the result of the election and what is implied in the triumph of the Republican party. The Times claims that the incoming administration will run a Conservative schedule, and assumes that the Republican party did not mean all they said in the Chicago platform, and that they did not intend all they have done in the reconstruction of the South. We trust that the Times may be a true interpreter of the future, but we confess to our misgivings as to the policy of its party. Should President Grant disappoint the expectations of those who opposed his election, he will find none readier or more willing to accord him full justice wherein he administers the Government according to the Constitution. We subjoin that portion of the Times' article relative to the future of suffrage in the States:

The reconstruction measures are to be maintained. They are to work out the end for which they were designed. The State governments which the people have organized and established under their authority, are not to be "dispersed,"—either by the army or by mobs: they are to be recognized and treated by the national Government as *State* Governments; they are to have all the rights and powers, and be subject to all the duties and restrictions, of other State Governments. And the people of those States have the same right to make their own laws, to amend their constitutions and to regulate their own affairs, which belongs to the people of New York or any other State.

But she Republican victory establishes no new doctrine in regard to suffrage. It recognizes in Congress no control over suffrage in the States, or in any of the States, it leaves the mater precisely where it found it, in the Constitution of the United States. Georgia or South Carolina—being States of the Union—may make such amendments to their Constitutions as they see fit, in regard to suffrage or anything else, just os Ohio or New York may—and they are subject. as Ohio and New York are subject, only to the Constitution of the United States, in so doing. They are subject—as every other State is subject—to the provisions of the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution. They may, under that article, exclude negroes from the suffrage as Ohio does, but if they do they cannot count them as a basis of representation, nor can Ohio. And if, by requiring special qualifications for voting of them, they exclude a large part of them, as New York does, from the suffrage, their representation in Congress must be diminished in the same proportion; and so must the representation of New York. And in deciding upon these or any other modifications of their State Constitutions, all who are recognized as *people* and entitled to vote by those Constitutions, are entitled to a voice and a vote on proposed amendments. No class can be excluded. If negroes are to be excluded from voting, it must be by amendments to the State Constitutions, which shall be voted for by a majority of all the voters, *including negroes*. And the same rule precisely applies to all the States.

It is a mistake, therefore, to assume or to suppose that the National Government, in Republican hands, is to force negro suffrage, or any other suffrage, upon the Southern States, without regard to the will of their people. Suffrage remains, where the Constitution of the United States places it, in the hands and under the control of the people of the States themselves. An attempt will doubtless be made to amend the Constitution in this respect, so as to confer upon the National Government the regulation of suffrage in all the States; but until that amendment shall have become part of the Constitution, the National Government has no such power; and as a vote of three-fourths of all the States is required to amend the Constitution, it is not likely to be made unless the Southern States, by another secession, again abandon all right and all claim to a voice in the matter.

Meeting of the Bar in Savannah—Resolutions of Respect for the Memory of the Late Hon. Howell Cobb.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 6, 1868.—In pursuance of the adjournment yesterday, the Bar of the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of Georgia, reassembled in the court room this morning at three-quarters past nine o'clock, the Hon. E. A. Nisbet in the Chair.

The committee of five appointed yesterday, through General A. R. Lawton, their Chairman, reported the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the death of Hon. Howell Cobb the State of Georgia has lost one of the ablest, purest and most patriotic of her citizens, who, as her representative in the National Councils, as her Chief Executive Magistrate, and in high Cabinet position, exhibited a high comprehensive grasp of intellect, an intuitive quickness of perception, and a practical directness of thought, which had enrolled his name among the most eminent American statesmen; and who, by a long career of useful and self-devoting service, has enshrined his memory in the hearts of her people.

Resolved, That in this afflicting dispensation of Providence the loss of a professional brother, endowed with a rare capacity as a Counsellor and Advocate; of a companion and friend, the truthfulness, nobility, and expansive sympathies of whose nature, and the vivacious play of whose intellect, could not fail to endear him well, or to make him to all who knew better of the social circle, him the Judiciary respectfully tender to his beloved family our profoundest condolence.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the Gazettes of this city, and a copy be furnished to the family of the deceased.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

E. A. NISBET, Chairman.

WM. BASSINGER, Secretary.

RECONSTRUCTION.

An English View of the Subject.

[From the Pall Mall Gazette]

A remarkable paper appeared a short time since in St. Paul's Magazine, from which it appears that in the Southern States they are trying a sort of double experiment, which, so far as we are aware, has never been tried before in any country, unless perhaps for a brief period in France during one phase of her first Revolution: that of placing all the powers of the State in the hands of avowedly the most ignorant and the poorest portion of the population—of those classes which have no instruction, and which pay no taxes. The facts and figures are simply these; they have been for some time published in America, and do not appear to have been controverted. The condition of re-admission into the Union is the adoption by each of the seceding States of a Constitution sent down to them from Washington, and its adoption by a convention chosen by manhood suffrage without a distinction of color, by a majority of the registered voters, in short.—Now the registered voters include every male adult negro, but *not* every male adult white; since from these are deducted (with deprival of the suffrage) all who held office during the secession, and all who refuse now to take an oath admitting secession to have been wrong. The result is that in the aggregate of the ten pecant States the negroes, so short time ago slaves, now constitute a positive majority, and outnumber their masters at the polls. There are 670,000 colored men, and only 630,000 white men on the register. In *three* only of the seceding States are the white voters decidedly the most numerous. In *two* the numbers are about equal, and in the remaining *five* the colored race have a large preponderance.

Now, let us see how this arrangement works in one of these States, the only one for which we have complete figures, the chief of the offending States—South Carolina. There we find 80,000 colored and only 47,000 white voters. The delegates sent to the Convention by this constituency to pronounce on the proposed Constitution were 121 in number, of whom more than three-fifths, or seventy-four, were colored men. But this is not the peculiar feature of the case we are alluding to. It is well known that in the United States all the State taxes, as distinct from the Federal taxes, are direct. They have customs and excise duties also, but the produce of these goes to the General Government.—Now, of the one hundred and twenty-one delegates chosen, eighty-two, or two-thirds, are not upon the tax roll of the State, and pay no direct taxes to the State, whatever. But further, after the Constitution was adopted the constituencies proceeded, under its provisions, to elect their State Legislature. The Representatives thus chosen (including both Houses) are one hundred and fifty-five in number, and of these ninety-three, or nearly two-thirds, are men of color, while ninety-one of them—viz: sixty-seven negroes and twenty-four "mean" whites, pay no taxes, whatever. That is to say, the whole taxes of the State are imposed, levied and spent by an Assembly, the majority of whom do not contribute to them a single farthing.

There are two other features in the case which may be stated without comment. In America a very large proportion (in South Carolina nearly one-half) of the State expenditure goes in maintaining the public schools. To these, according to the universal, and, it would seem, unconquerable prejudice of color throughout America, since negroes go white men do not send their children. Of course the right thing to do is to get rid of such prejudices, which are not proper subjects of legislative encouragement. There they are, however, in enormous force; and the Southerners take it as a sustantial grievance that while they support the schools almost entirely they cannot use them. At the same time they are so utterly ruined by the war that few can afford to send their children to private schools. Lately the Constitution we have described (equal manhood suffrage without distinction of color) is imposed upon the conquered States by the Northern victorious States, not one of which will itself confer the suffrage on colored men, except (as in New York) under restrictions which virtually amount to exclusion, and not one of which would suffer their own white children to mix on school benches with those of colored men. Probably we have here the explanation of those outrages in the Southern States of which every mail brings fresh accounts, and which betoken an exasperation that bids fair to end in a war of races.

The Search for Bradley.

According to the statement of witnesses in the inquest on young Law's body, Bradley was recognized as the leader of the party that fired on those with Law. Acting under this testimony, Coroner Harden issued a warrant for the arrest of Aaron, and the house, corner of Broughton and Lincoln streets, was searched by Bailiff Kauffman, very much to the disgust of Bradley's fat woman, who stood on the porch, turning up her *Gressyn* nose in disdain, and fanning her delicate self with a newspaper. The Wauhoo was not found, however, and the officers of the law departed. It is said that the Hon. Walter L. Clift's house was examined, but Aaron had not found it convenient to be in.

All sorts of rumors prevailed about this illustrious personage. Some said he went in one of the steamers that sailed yesterday. Others said that a trunk, marked "A. B." together with a gun-box, was seen in a wagon, and that they would bet ten to one that Aaron was in that gun-box. Another one argued that he had doubtless taken the overland route North, but whether true or not, it might be better for him to do so.

Colonel Anderson, the Mayor, received a note at his house yesterday, from Bradley, which was left by two women, who made a sudden retreat. The note was dated Savannah, and asked protection from the Mayor, giving as his reason that his life was in danger. We believe that Colonel Anderson can give no answer under the circumstances.

There is some satisfaction in knowing that this consummate rascal at last feels his guilty conscience troubling him sufficiently to hide away from those who have been so patient under the results of his infamous teachings.—*Savannah Advertiser*

☞ There is a rumor abroad that Mr. Carlyle is engaged upon a life of George III, of whom he proposes to make a hero. The London Review remarks: "It is impossible to say what Mr. Carlyle may not do, but we sincerely trust that there is no foundation for the report. Indeed, when one thinks of the great genius who wrote the French revolution, who interpreted Cromwell for us, who first acquainted his countrymen with the spirit of modern German literture, and then of the sham political prophet who put slavery into a nut shell and afterwards shot Niagara, one is disposed to think that after a certain age no man whose reputation is valuable to his country should be permitted to write. We hope Mr. Carlyle will let the poor, dull old King alone, if there is anything in the rumor beyond the suggestion of a feeble satirist.—Ex.

AN "HONORABLE" ARRESTED.—Hon. Moses H. Bentley, colored, late member of the convention, was arrested on a warrant of Justice P. M. Russell, Sr., and was released on Collector A. N. Wilson's bond of $2,000, to appear at the next term of the Superior Court, to answar to the charge of being a ring-leader in the riot at the Court House on election day.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.

Important to Liquor and Tobacco Dealers.

Gen. Grant Makes a Speech.

Alabama Still Doubtful.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—Gen. Grant is attending to his routine of duty. He has many visitors but don't seem to encourage conversation regarding his future action.

Two Congressmen and three Senators only are here.

Rollins decides that liquor dealers, in making returns, must draw off into regular barrels what may be in their stand casks for the purpose of gauging and stamping.

The State Department advices indicate little real progress in the Alabama claims. Seward, it seems, added conditions to Johnson's proposed settlement, and there is a dead lock.

The Dyer Ordnance Court, comprising Generals Thomas, Hancock, Terry, and others, convened to-day.

Hancock visited the President.

McCulloch decides that imported tobacco, snuff and cigars do not require revenue stamps unless withdrawn from the Custom House for consumption or sale in the United States.

At Belvidere, Ohio, Grant addressed a Republican procession, saying: "Gentlemen, I see many of you in uniforms; you laid them off three years ago, and you can now lay them off again, and we will have peace. Good night."

MONTGOMERY, November 9.—The Legislature is engaged on local business. Gov. Smith sent in a message to-day relating to appropriations in aid of clearing out and making navigable the rivers leading to the coal and iron regions of the State.

The returns from thirty counties give Grant about 10,000 majority. The remaining counties thirty-two, with the exception of four, will all probably give Seymour majorities. The State is still classed as doubtful. Hundreds of white men did not vote, because they did not have an opportunity of registering, while many others would not take the voters' oath.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times say the Spanish crown will probably be tendered to Espartero.

Telegraphic Markets.

MOBILE, November 9.—Market quiet and steady; middlings 22¾a23; sales 1,107 bales; receipts 1,983 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, November 9.—Cotton irregular and closed ¼c lower; middlings 23¾; sales 3 50 bales; receipts since Saturday 8,393 bales; exports 2,379 bales. Gold 1 35¼. Sterling 45a46. New York ¼ discount. Sugar firm, receipts of [illegible] increasing; fair 12¾a13¼; prime to choice [illegible] 14¾; yellow clarified 15¾. Molasses, high [illegible] firm; fair 70; strictly prime to choice 80a90. Flour dull, superfine 6 62½; treble 7 50; choice [illegible]. Corn scarce and little doing; new white and yellow 95; old 1 10. Oats scarce and advanced at 65. Bran 1 25. Hay scarce; Western 30 00a31 00. Mess pork dull and nominally 62 50. Bacon scarce and firm; shoulders 14¼a15; clear rib sides 18¾a19; clear sides 20. Lard dull; tierce 17; keg 21. Coffee, prime Rio 16¾a16¾; fair 14¾.

BALTIMORE, November 9.—Virginia coupons, old 54 bid, 7 asked, new 67 bid. North Carolinas 64¾ bid. Cotton dull at 25. Flour active but lower; superfine 6 3a7 25. Wheat dull; prime to choice 2 10a2 30. Corn firm at 1 02a1 05; new white 70a73; yellow 83a91. Oats 70a72. Rye dull at 2 40. Clover seed 8 25a8 50. Pork quiet. Bacon active; clear rib sides 17¾.

NEW YORK, November 9.—Cotton, dull, heavy and a shade lower at 24¾a25; sales 950 bales. Flour closed dull; holders not disposed to sell; superfine 5 70a7 16; Southern dull, common to fair extra 7 00a8 65. Wheat closed in favor of buyers; Amber Michigan 1 90a1 95; white Michigan 2 40a2 50. Corn closed dull and drooping; mixed Western 1 15a1 17. Mess pork 27 50a27 75. Lard heavy; steam 15a17; kettle 17a17¾. Whisky firm at 1 03. Groceries steady. Naval stores firmer; rosin 2 35a2 75. Freights firmer. Governments firm and higher. 1862 coupons 6¾. Tennessees, new, 60¾. North Carolinas 65¾, new 65 Money easier towards close and plenty at 7. Gold active and excited at 1 35. Sterling 9¾.

ST. LOUIS, November 9.—Heavy rains checks business. Flour, small business; superfine 5 75a5 00. Corn declined, new 65a70, old 74a75. Mess pork quiet at 25 25. Bacon, stock light; shoulders 14; clear sides 18¾. Lard, demand light, 16¾. Whisky dull at 1 03.

CINCINNATI, November 9.—Clour dull. Corn dull, new 58@59. Whisky declining at 1 03. Lard 15¾@16. Bacon shoulders 13¾; clear sides 18¾.

LONDON, November 9, evening.—Turpentine 29s. Fallow 51s. 9d.

LIVERPOOL, November 9, evening.—Cotton easier but not quotably lower; sales 10,000 bales; uplands afloat 10¾d. Corn firm.

HAVRE, November 9.—Cotton quiet; afloat 1 26

☞ Henry Ward Beecher gives young doctors the following advice: "It is nature that cures. The less a doctor does the better for his patient. It is the doctor's business to take the credit of what nature does. Cultivate a look of mystery. Every mother of a sick child studies the doctor's face. Come in softly, but with the air of a mild conqueror. Look piercingly at the patient. Then look from one to another of the persons present. Say to the nurse, in a low tone, 'I think you have a right view of the case;' and, before you leave, say to the mother, 'I could not have done better for the case myself than you have done.'—If the child gets well, as it will, nine times in ten, if you let it alone, you will have the credit in that family of extraordinary skill. If it dies, it will only bring out the moral views, 'We must all die. When one's time comes no skill can cure.' But if you really mean to try the medicine dodge you must choose your school. If you are to be an allopathic you need but three things: opium, calomel and antimony. Any thing that cannot be reached by them ought not to be cured. With these three swords you can slay all diseases or all the patients; and, in either case, there is an end of suffering. If you select the homœopathic treatment, you have only to buy a manual and a box, about as large as a cigar box, of pillules or tinctures. After a little time, you can put pill to symptom as rapidly as the post office clerk can distribute names and boxes. If silence and mystery are not your forte, you may have equal success by judicious talking. Many people can be talked out of anything. If [illegible]atory words do not abate symptoms they may increase reputation. The patient may die, but, if those that still live think that you are "the most knowing doctor that ever they met," (and it's your fault if they do not,) then you are sure of being called again. Always have an eye to the future. Whoever dies, see that the living like you. Dead men furnish no practice."

SUCCESS.—The successful man is not necessarily to be envied—not always the happiest man. Human nature cannot have its own will long without becoming deteriorated by it. We are appointed to struggle, and in our struggling our highest life is developed. The time will come when the laws of our present condition will cease, and when we shall be able to bask in the sunshine of success without virility or enervation of our virtues. Till then, it is our wisdom to accept our lot, and make the best of it, to seek for our enjoyment in our work, rather than in what the work produces—to till the soil and dismiss all needless anxiety about the harvest—to be more concerned that we should be right than that we should succeed; in fact, to bear ourselves like well disciplined soldiers, with whom strict obedience is the most sacred of obligations, and are thereby absolved from responsibility as to its results. Then, so far as success is vouchsafed to us, it will be grateful; so far as it is denied, it will not disconcert us. Thus living, our life will be its own success.

Candidate for Mayor.

We are authorized to announce Col. JAMES M. CALHOUN a candidate for Mayor of the city of Atlanta, at the December election. Subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Georgia Election Returns.

Counties.	Vote. Seymour.	Vote. Grant.	Majorities. Seymour.	Majorities. Grant.
Appling	450		450	
Bartow	1,473	668	805	
Bryan	334	10		
Bulloch	1,495			
Butts	606	247	359	
Bibb	2,194	2,918		724
Burke	719	1,234		515
Baldwin	614	1,051		397
Berrien	614	10		
Brooks	1,202	158		
Baker	724	33	691	
Banks				
Cherokee	1,065	420		
Cobb	1,624	613	1,011	
Camden				
Charlton	156	95		
Clinch	341	75		
Coffee				
Chattahoochee	532	3	551	
Catoosa	447	104	359	
Chattooga	534	147	387	
Clayton	463	195	268	
Chatham	4 043	2 316	2,395	
Crawford	541	373	168	
Columbia	1,120	1	1,119	
Clay	502	351	151	
Colquitt	147	25		
Calhoun	509	352	157	
Campbell	993	901	92	
Carroll	1,120	562	558	
Cowets	1,329	991	338	
Clarke	1,197	1,186	11	
Dawson	274	316		
Dade	310	18	292	
DeKalb	1,092	197	895	
Doolly	850	32	818	
Decatur	1,351	1,141	210	
Dougherty	1,807	1,807	250	
Echols	171	33	138	
Effingham	345	116	229	
Emanuel	409	29	4 1	
Elbert	1,015	34	981	
Early	548		548	
Fannin				
Fayette				
Fulton	2,812	2,474	3 8	
Floyd	1,635	991	644	
Forsyth	696	305	391	
Franklin				
Gilmer			110	
Glynn	210	626		
Gordon	894	307	587	
Glasscock	334	10		
Greene	1,071	1,300		199
Gwinnett	1,249	388	825	
Harris	1,214	8-2	353	
Henry	1,065	420	645	
Houston	2 025	1,979	1,006	
Hancock	966	55	873	
Hart	654	341		
Haralson				
Heard	664	334	330	
Habersham	388	172		
Hall				
Irwin				
Jefferson	922	765	157	
Johnson	233	13	220	
Jasper	872	5	868	
Jones	423	00	423	
Jackson	1,065	264	800	
Lumpkin	493	308	185	
Liberty	288	207	81	
Lincoln	894			
Laurens	711	407		
Lowndes	894	307	279	623
es	447	1,070		
Milton	479	58	401	
Marion	695	201	680	
Muscogee	2,153	1 621	680	
Murray	629	338	247	
Meriwether	1,189	821	838	
McIntosh				
Montgomery				
Macon	894	776	18	
[illegible]nroe	1 652	972	680	
[illegible]rson	398	91		
[illegible]	635	1,046		411
[illegible]ter				
[illegible]he	627	112	610	
[illegible]n	1,038	872	666	
[illegible]	849	116	733	
[illegible]	240	105	135	
[illegible]	1,027	249	778	
[illegible]	645	951		306
[illegible]	920	2 98	721	
[illegible]ding	534	272	262	
[illegible]lds	485	317	166	
Quitman	312	55	259	
Richmond	2,753	3,128		375
Rabun				
Randolph	969	1	968	
Schley	454	69	385	
Spalding	998	871	127	
Scriven	6 8	147	475	
Stewart	488	67	419	
Sumter	1 945	234	1,011	
Towns				
Talbot	993	79	914	
Taylor	718	345	373	
Troup	1,601	652	949	
Tatnall				
Twiggs	501	759		259
Taliaferro	519	187	331	
Terrell	987	552	435	
Telfair				
Thomas	1,048	1,386		
Union	435	280	155	
Upson	813	776	37	
Ware	172	86	86	
Wayne				
Walker	894	468		
Whitfield	988	651	285	
Washington	1 076	141	935	
Warren	881	188	693	
Wilkes	1,332	84	1,248	
Wilkinson	900	684	216	
Webster	474	282		
Wilcox				
Worth	973	53		
Walton	1,088	382	706	
White	433	143	290	

New Advertisements.

DAVIS' THEATRE.
RETURN OF THE VETERANS.
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!
Friday and Saturday EVenings, November 13th and 14th.
The Original and Only Skiff & Gaylard's
Minstrels and Brass Band,
WILL return to Atlanta on the above named dates, when they will present to the citizens of Atlanta an entire new and orgrignal Programme. They have called forth the highest econoniums of the Press wherever they have visited. Those who had the misfortune of not seeing this mammoth organization of talent should not fail to pay them a visit on the 13th and 14th, as they are now returning South on their homeward trip. The evening's entertainment will conclude with Prof Schaffer's Beautiful Views. ☞ For particulars see small bills.
Admission—Orchestra Chairs $1 00; Parquette 75; Dress Circle 75; Family Circle 50; Gallery (colored) 50; Private Boxes $5 00 and $4 00.
☞ Box Office open from 10 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 4 P. M., when seats may be secured without extra charge. JOE GAYLARD,
nov10-d3t Business Manager.

WEST END ACADEMY,
Atlanta, Georgia.
THE exercises of this Institution, under the superintendence of Prof. ROBERT GARLINGTON, formerly of Newbern College, S. C., assisted by a full corps of able and experienced professional Teachers, will begin on next Monday, the 16th instant. Everything desired will be taught at the customary rates. First-rate board for 100 pupils can be had in the immediate neighborhood at $20 per month. See circular. nov10-d5t

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer,
Unimproved Lot near Winship's Foundry.
IMMEDIATELY after the sale of the Rollins House, at four o'clock, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, 10th instant, I will sell on the premises, an Unimproved Lot, 50 by 200, on Foundry street, near Winship's Foundry. Terms cash.
nov10-d1t G. W. ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

BRICK COTTAGE!
ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 11th instant, at 4 o'clock, P. M., I will sell upon the premises, west side of Collins street, between Houston and Ellis, southwest from College Hill, A HANDSOME NEWLY-FINISHED BRICK COTTAGE, having four rooms and two garret rooms, and is stuccoed a granite color. The lot is newly and well inclosed, and has on it a good Kitchen, Well, and a Spot &c.
This place is very convenient to business, and rents at $20 per month.
Sale positive.
G. W. ADAIR,
State and Life and Fire Insurance Agent,
Office: No. 5 Railroad Block,
Opposite National Hotel.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.
House and Lot near the State Road Shops.
ON TUESDAY next, 10th inst., at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, I will sell on the premises a lot on the north side of the State Road, opposite the Shops, fronting 50 feet on the right of way, and running back north 200 feet, having on it a House of 8 rooms, Kitchen, Well, Garden, &c., well adapted to a Boarding House.
Titles will be made by the Building and Loan Association. Possession given at once.
Terms—Cash.
G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
Office: No. 5 Railroad Block,
nov8-d2t Opposite National Hotel.

Fresh Arrival of Family Groceries!
FISH, FLOUR,

ONE DAY ONLY!
FOR THE "BOSS"
WITH THE
G SHOW!
Saturday, Nov. 21, 1868

N ROBINSON'S
AT COMBINATION
AND MENAGERIE
nd Stock Enterprise, consolidated
N SHOWS!
mmoth Zoological
Department!
rnithological selections of the
tiful specimens of FOREIGN
forming the most extensive
collection of
D ANIMALS
e country, supported by
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OF
ESTRIANS
America, numbering
and 80 Horses!
Y PERFORMERS, 6 Lady Equ
Popular Clowns, enabling
anagement to produce
CTS OF HORSEMANSHIP,
RING GYMNASTIC EXERCISES,
OF ORIENTAL GRANDEUR,
dazzling splendor.
HOW IN THE WORLD!
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vince everybody that we have a
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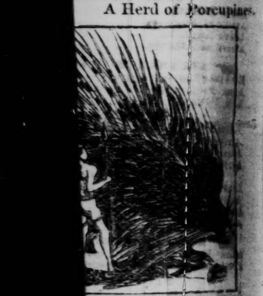
lephant "Empress,"
d by Mr. Johnson.
ON AND LIONESS,
Lemur, etc.
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MPED BACTRIAN CAMELS
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ROBINSON."

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Horses, "Grey-Eagle" and
emale Rider of the World
GARET,
BERT HOWES,
N WHITE,
JOHN ROBINSON,
R. J. McDONOUGH,
W. H. ASHTON & SON,
MR. GEO. SLAMAN.
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NHAM'S
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and 7 o'clock.
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testify that he never
s now entirely cu
and reputation, to
Y. DURANT,
Business Manager.

The Daily Constitution.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 10.

THE CITY.

Enrolling Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are authorized to solicit subscriptions and receive money for THE CONSTITUTION: Mr. O. L. LINDSEY, Albany, Ga. Mr. ——— CRAWFORD, of Atlanta, Ga. Mr. GRONER ——, of Atlanta. John Evans Atlantic and Gulf Railroad.

WALNUSSIA Beaver and Chinchilla Hats just received at Mrs. J. Frank's, Decatur street, opposite City Park.

LADIES' High Glove Kid Button Boots and Kid Polish, (Miles' work). Also, Children's Gaiter Boots—all colors. FORCE & Co.

A. S. G. C.—Those holding standing invitations to the private exhibition of the "Anglo Saxon Gymnastic Club," are respectfully invited to attend this (Tuesday) evening, at 7½ o'clock. (Belle Hall, Marietta street.)

W. B. BIGGERS, Sec'y A. S. G. C.

LET DOWN.—We are informed that the Cayuga Baptist Church, in the First Ward, was, on Sunday afternoon, the scene of considerable excitement, owing to the giving away of one of the walls, and consequent letting down of the building. There was a large congregation in the Church at the time. Several, we understand, were injured, but none killed.

G. W. ADAIR will sell a very desirable house, and an unimproved lot, near the State Road shops this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

THE alarm of fire about 8 o'clock Sunday morning was occasioned by the burning of a kitchen on the premises of Mr. Payne, on Pryor street.

WE invite attention to the notice of the Ked End Academy, the exercises of which, under Professor Garlington, will begin on next Monday, the 16th instant.

MR. EDITOR: The name of Mr. L. C. Wells was mentioned in your evening edition as a suitable candidate for Councilman in the 2nd Ward. Permit us to mention as the other, the name of Dr. E. J. Roach, a thorough business man, and one who would make a creditable Councilman for any city. He will receive the support of the

SECOND WARD DEMOCRATS.

MR. EDITOR: To-night the different wards will select their candidates for Aldermen. As it is the desire of all good Democrats to have good men in these responsible offices, and as a number of the Fourth Ward think that Messrs. Macsalin and Michael Mahoney are the best men, we ask the privilege of announcing them through your columns.

4TH WARD DEMOCRATS.

KIFF & GAYLORD ARE COMING.—By reference to a magnificent 3 square $8 advertisement in another column it will be seen that this world-wide nigger show will pay us a second visit the last of the week. A show that patronizes the press with such reckless prodigality cannot fail to "draw."

THE THIRD WARD DEMOCRACY ON THE RIGHT PATH—*Another Rousing Demonstration—Officers Nominated and Patriotic Resolutions passed.*—MONDAY NIGHT, Nov. 9, 1868.—The Third Ward Democratic Club met—President Crawford in the chair.

Col. E. Y. Clarke stated that the prime object of the meeting was the nomination of two Aldermen to represent the Third Ward.

Upon motion, some unfinished business, together with matters of financial character, were made to take the precedence, when money to pay expenses of the late demonstration was raised.

The President of the Fourth Ward Club, M. A. Bell, Esq., being present, addressed the club.

A communication from Col. Carey W. Styles, Surgeon Y. M. D. C.'s, suggesting a mode of organization for the present municipal canvass, was read and received.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the City Council be requested to appoint two men from each ward to enroll the name of every voter in order to preserve the purity of the ballot box at the approaching election for Mayor and Aldermen.

Resolved, That in the event of failure or refusal of the City Council to comply with said request we then be appointed by this Club for the purpose aforesaid, and that they be made challengers at the polls on the day of election.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be furnished to the Mayor and Council; the President and each of the other Ward Clubs; and that the same be requested to adopt the same at their meeting to-morrow evening.

Resolved, That Mr. Anderson, member of Council from this ward, urge Council at its next meeting to move promptly in the matter of registration.

The President then announced that the balloting for nominees was the next business in order.

The three-thirds rule was adopted, and the candidates announced.

The first ballot resulted in no choice. On the second, W. C. Anderson, Esq., the present incumbent, was chosen. Several unsuccessful ballots followed, the contest being a sharp one between Capt. Sisson, Dr. Bradfield, and J. M. Buice, Esq., which finally narrowed down to a spirited race between Capt. Sisson and J. M. Buice, the former being successful on about the ninth ballot.

The nominees were therefore announced as W. C. Anderson and V. P. Sisson, amid great enthusiasm, the entire Club with one accord agreeing to make the vote unanimous.

The following resolutions were introduced by Capt. Sisson, and adopted with thundering applause:

Resolved, That the Third Ward Democratic Club hereby pledge the municipal canvass with head erect and colors flying; and to the end that victory may perch upon the banners of the rightful guardians of the city, the members of this Club, individually and collectively, will leave nothing undone that can aid in securing that victory.

Resolved, That to our brethren in the other wards we send words of good cheer, and invite them to stand shoulder to shoulder with us in a supreme effort to confide the public trusts only to those who are worthy to bear them.

Resolved, That as we have little to hope for or fear from the National Government, or from the State Government as now administered, it is the more important that our zeal shall know no abatement in a determined effort to defeat a party that seeks to lay unscrupulous hands upon *all* the treasuries to us—our City Government.

Resolved, That we *will* defeat that foe!

The following resolution was also adopted:

Resolved, That the Central Executive Committee be requested to change the hour of Mayor's election: on Saturday next, from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. in order to accommodate the mechanics and other business men of the city, and that a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the other Ward Clubs.

The Club then adjourned.

ROBERT CRAWFORD, President.

C. V. CARSINE, Secretary.

AIR LINE RAILROAD MEETING.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of citizens was held last night at the City Hall, to take into consideration the construction of the Air Line Railroad. Many of the most prominent capitalists and business men of Atlanta participated in the proceedings, and subscribed liberally towards the enterprise. Speeches were made by Mr. Buford, President of the Richmond and Danville Road, Dr. H. V. M. Miller, United States Senator from Georgia, Judge Lochrane and Judge Dunning.

The meeting was presided over by Judge Hayden. The full proceedings will appear to-morrow morning.

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.—To-day we gather bright and beautiful flowers—to-morrow they are faded and dead.

To-day a wealth of leaves shades us—to-morrow, sere and fallen, they crumble beneath our tread.

To-day the earth is covered with a carpet of green—to-morrow it is brown with withered grass.

To-day the vigorous stalk only bends before the gale—to-morrow, leafless and dead, a child may break the brittle stone.

To-day the ripening fruit and waving grain—to-morrow "the land is taking its other toll."

To-day we hear the sweet songsters of grove and forest, the buzz and hum of insect life; to-morrow—breathe softly for nature is hushed and silent.

To-day a stately edifice, complete in finish and surrounding, attracts the passer by—to-morrow a heap of ruins mark the spot.

To-day there are cattle on a thousand hills—to-morrow they fall in slaughter.

To-day the fashion of the world passeth away. To-morrow, if Christ dwell within us, and though we may pass away like the faded leaf and withered flower, we shall arise to newness of life, to walk, we shall arise to newness of life, to walk

Where everlasting spring abides,
And never-withering flowers.

INTERESTING EXPERIMENTS—IRON FORTIFICATIONS AND GREAT GUNS IN PRUSSIA.—A letter from Berlin says: "The success which attended the experiments of last summer has induced the Prussian government to employ large blocks of hard cast metal for the purposes of fortification. A foundry has been established with this object on the military experimental ground, by which arrangement it is not necessary to move its ponderous productions any very great distance, whenever it is thought advisable to give Mr. Krupp an opportunity of knocking them to pieces, or endeavoring to do so. A collossal casting, weighing ninety tons, was made there last Friday, in the presence of the Minister of War and numerous military and naval officers, and is unquestionably by far the greatest that has ever been attempted on the Continent. What is considered still more remarkable than the size of this casting was the very short time required for its process. The metal was melted in three large furnaces in the short space of three hours, but the actual casting was completed in forty-five seconds.

"The report adds, by way of comparison, that the casting of a steam hammer weighing one hundred tons required in England forty-eight hours.

"A hydraulic crane is used for moving these large masses, and does its work so easily that a shield weighing forty tons has been moved several hundred yards and placed on the framework intended to receive it in half an hour. The plates are not fastened together by bolts or screws, but cast in such a shape as to dovetail into each other. It is intended to employ a combination of iron, earthworks and masonry in the new forts, and to adopt the improved methods in the coast defenses first, as they are exposed to the heaviest fire.

"The Woolwich gun, which has been competing at Berlin with Mr. Krupp's, has shown a deep crack after the two hundred and sixty-fourth round, whereas Krupp's gun has remained unscathed after four hundred rounds, and his friends are of course jubilant. On the other hand, an English seven-inch plate, three inches of steel on four inches of iron, from the Cyclops Works, Sheffield, was too much for Krupp's ninety-six pounder, at least only the point of the shot came through. It has been stated since that only a reduced charge of powder was used on this occasion. The same projectile, however, and with a similar reduced charge, had knocked an eight inch plate of Austrian manufacture all to pieces. Both Krupp and Borsig have offered to establish works for rolling plates in Prussia."

Local and Business Notices.

FURS.—Ladies wishing to buy Furs will do well to call at Mrs. J. FRANK'S,
nov6d3m Decatur street, Opposite City Park.

FRESH MOBILE OYSTERS at the Georgia Saloon, under the Post Office, AT ALL HOURS.
oct23-dtf E. C. REID.

FIRST WARD DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—A meeting of the Democracy of the First Ward will be held at the store of A. K. Seago, on Tuesday evening, the 10th inst., at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Aldermen for the First Ward.

J. G. MITCHELL,
President 1st Ward Democratic Club.

FOURTH WARD NOMINATION.—There will be a meeting of the Democrats of the Fourth Ward at the Medical College, at 7 o'clock, TUESDAY EVENING, 10th instant, to nominate two candidates for Councilmen from said Ward.

As the nomination especially concerns the interest of all, all true Democratic citizens of the Ward are expected to attend.

MARCUS A. BELL,
nov8-d2t President 4th Ward Dem. Club.

FIFTH WARD ATTENTION.—In accordance with a resolution of the Executive Committee of the Democratic party of the city, the entire voting population of the Ward are respectfully solicited and earnestly invited to attend a meeting to be held at KING'S HALL, TUESDAY EVENING, for the purpose of nominating two candidates for Aldermen.

Let all the voters in the Ward be present whether enrolled or not. All are equally interested.

By order of the President.
nov8-d2t C. A. PITTS.

L. B. DAVIS,
Hartford Live Stock Insurance Co.
L. B. DAVIS,
Notary Public, Atlanta, Georgia,
L. B. DAVIS,
Insurance Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
mar13—dly

Democratic Central Executive Committee of the City of Atlanta.

COL. R. F. MADDOX, CHAIRMAN.
R. ARNOLD, SECRETARY.
JOHN T. GLEES,
O. H. BENTLY,
JOSIAH BRADFIELD,
R. P. ZIMMERMAN,
T. L. WELLS,
JOHN THOMAS,
E. McCASLIN,
THOS. W. CHANDLER,
M. C. BLANCHARD.

Special Notices.

☞ GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY, for the benefit of the Masonic Orphans' Home. Combination Class No. 586.—The following were the drawn numbers November 9th, 1868:

51-68-16-53-47-12-66-74-11-32-14-59-48

nov10-d1t HOWARD & CO., Managers.

☞ THE PIANO—MRS. M. W. VILLIPIGUE on her return to the city—1st of December—will, in addition to her duties at the Classical College take a private class. Those desiring to take lessons in Music will please leave their names with Dr. H. Sells, at his residence.

nov. 8-tit dec 1.

☞ LADIES IN WANT OF A FASHIONABLE HAT or Bonnet, at a reasonable price, call at Mrs. J. FRANK'S. All kinds of Ladies' Goods always on hand.

no)6d3m Decatur street, Opposite City Park.

☞ BOOTS, SHOES, AND LEATHER STORE. Henry Banks has consolidated his whole capital in his Peachtree street store. Immense Stock of Goods on hand and new ones arriving daily. nov7-4t

☞ WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS and BOTTLED WINES and LIQUORS.—A large supply of these justly celebrated goods, put up expressly for Medicinal and Private Use, just received, and trade supplied at small advance on Proprietor's Prices by REDWINE & FOX, Agents for Atlanta.

nov3 d1m

NEW LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

WE have just completed our new Stable on Alabama street, and supplied it with good stock and the best vehicles of all kinds. Hacks, Carriages, Buggies, and Single Horses can be procured at any time. We have trusty drivers and gentle teams.

We are, also, prepared to accommodate drovers, having elegant and comfortable Mule sheds. Call on us before going elsewhere.

W. E. ARCHER & SON,
oct17-d1m Alabama street, near Post Office.

☞ Augusta Constitutionalist and Chronicle and Sentinel copy and send bill.

Special Law Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED having sufficiently recovered his health to again enter on the practice of his profession, hereby informs his friends, and the public, that ALL BUSINESS entrusted to his care will receive prompt and faithful attention. His residence and address is ATLANTA, GA., and he will practice in ALL THE COURTS OF THIS COUNTY AND CITY, including the

UNITED STATES COURT

For the Northern District of Georgia. Also, in the Courts of adjoining Counties and other places by special contract. He can be found at Judge Lochrane's office.

oct16-d1m RICHARD H. CLARK.

Atlanta Merchants!

ABOUT the 15th inst. the "GRIFFIN HERALD" will appear in an entirely new dress, and 1,000 extra copies will be issued for gratuitous distribution. A splendid time to begin your advertisements.

Rates exceedingly moderate.

Address PLAM CHRISTIAN.
nov5 Griffin, Ga.

Action of the Central Executive Committee.

Meetings Appointed for Nomination of Mayor and Aldermen.

ROOMS CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, Atlanta, Nov. 4, 1868.

At a meeting of the committee, held this day, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Presidents of the several Ward Democratic Clubs in the city be, and they are hereby requested, to assemble the Democratic voters of their respective Wards, at the places of their Ward meetings, on Tuesday night next, 10th inst., to nominate two suitable candidates for Alderman.

Resolved, That a Convention of the entire Democracy of the city be called at the City Hall on Saturday the 14th inst., at 11 A. M., to nominate a candidate for the Mayoralty of the City of Atlanta.

Resolved, That the Committee recommend the adoption of the two third rule in the selection of a candidate for Mayoralty.

R. F. MADDOX, Chairman.
R. ARNOLD, Secretary.

Commercial and Financial.

Atlanta Market Report.

ATLANTA, Nov. 10, 1868.

COTTON—Was selling yesterday at 22c, without variation, and market closed at the same figure, dull. Receipts very light, about 30 bales.

BACON—No change in Bacon since last report.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON—	
Clear Sides	19½@20
Clear Ribbed Sides	@18
Plain Hams	18@19
Canvassed Hams	19@23
Shoulders	15@16
BEESWAX—	
Common	35
Choice Yellow	38@40
BROOMS—	
Per dozen	3.50 @ 5.00
CANDLES—	
Sperm	40 @ 45
Adamantine	30 @ 31
Tallow	12 @ 15
CORN MEAL—	
Country per bushel	1.15@ 1.20
COTTON CARDS—	
Per dozen	1.20 @ 3.00
COTTON GOODS—	
Threads	2.90 @ 2.10
Osnaburgs	18 @ 21
4 4 Sheetings	17
⅞ Shirtings	13
¾ Shirtings	11
Drills	17¼
Stripes	20
CHESTNUTS	@ 3.75
DRIED FRUIT—	
Rough	6 @ 8
Peeled	15 @ 18
FERTILIZERS—	
Peruvian Guano	@90.00
Reid's Phosphate	@50.00
Patapsco Guano	@75.00
Pure Flour Rawbone	75.00
FLOUR—	
Superfine, per sack of 140 lbs	4.75 @ 5.00
Extra do do	5.25 @ 5.50
Extra Family do do	5.75 @ 6.00
Fancy do do	6.50 @ 7.00
GRAIN—	
Corn, White, per bushel	95 @ 1.00
Mixed or Yellow	90 @ 1.00
Barley	2.40 @ 2.60
Rye	1.50
Oats	@ 70
Wheat	2.00 @ 2.50
GUN POWDER—	
Sporting in kegs of 25 lbs	@ 8 75
Blasting in kegs of 25 lbs	6.25 @ 6.75
HAY—	
Clover per 100 lbs	@ 1.50
Timothy	@ 1.25
IRON—	
City Mills Bar	5¾
Pidsburg Bar	6
Sheet Iron	10 @ 12
Nail Rod	10 @ 14
LARD—	
In Barrels	@ 20
In Kegs and Cans	@ 23
LEATHER—	
White oak, sole, per lb	@ 40
Hemlock, sole, per lb	26 @ 30
French calf skins per dozen	40.00 @75.00
American calf skins per dozen	36.00 @40.00
Upper leather per dozen	40.00 @45.00
Harness leather per lb	40 @ 50
LIME—	
Georgia per 5 bushel barrel	@ 2.50
Alabama per 5 bushel barrel	@ 3.00
MACKEREL—	
No. 1 per barrel	@26.00
No. 2 per barrel	@20.00
No. 3 per barrel	@17.00
No. 1 in half barrels	@13.00
No. 2 in half barrels	@11.00
No. 3 in half barrels	@ 9.50
No. 1 in kitts	@ 4.00
No. 2 in kitts	@ 3.50
No. 3 in kitts	@ 3.25
MOLASSES—	
Cuba per gallon	50 @ 52
New Orleans	85 @ 87
Syrup per gallon	90 @ 1.25
NAILS—	
4s to 6s	6.00 @ 6.25
8s common	@ 7.00
3s fine	@ 9.00
POTATOES—	
Sweet—per bbl	85 @ 1.00
Irish—Northern	6 00 @6 25
" Tennessee	5 00 @ 5 25
RICE—	
Rogoon	13¼@ 14
Carolina	
SACKS—	
2 Bushel Burlaps	16½@ 17
2 Bushel wheat sacks	19 @ 25
SALT—	
Virginia	@ 2.30
Liverpool	2 75 @ 2.80
SOAP—	
Bar	8 @ 15
Per lb	10 @ 12
STARCH—	
Crushed and Granulated per lb	19½@ 20
Clarified per lb	16 @ 17¾
New Orleans	14 @ 16
Demerara	16½@ 17
TOBACCO—	
Low Grades	50 @ 60
Medium	70 @ 75
Good medium	80 @ 85
Fine	90 @ 1.00
Choice	1.10 @ 1.55

Financial.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK.—Buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GOLD.—Buying at 34 cents; selling at 37 cents.

SILVER.—Buying at 28 cents; selling at 33 cents.

GOLD BULLION.—Buying at $1.35 per pennyweight.

GOLD DUST.—Buying at $1.16@1.20 per pennyweight.

Uncurrent Moneys and Securities.

GEORGIA BANK NOTES.

Ga. R. R. & B. Co.	a98	Merch'ts & Plant.	7a..
C. R. R. & B. Co.	98a..	Farmers & Mechan	9a..
Marine Bank Ga.	98a..	Bank of Commerce	7 a..
Bank Middle Ga.	98a..	Bank of Columbus	6a..
Bank of Athens	a70	Manufact. Macon	5a..
Bank of Fulton	a40	Union Rank	5a..
Bank of Savannah	a55	Mechanics	3a..
Bank of Augusta	a75	Planters' Bank	a19
City B'k Augusta	a40	Augusta Sav. B'k	34a..
Bank State Ga.	a20	Northwestern B'k	2a..
Bank Empire State	a18	Timber Cutters B'k	2a..

SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of So. Ca.	a8..	B'k State S. C.	abbh..a15
Union Bank	a80	Bk State S. C. new	11a..
Peoples' Bank	a50	Exchange Bank	a7
Bank of Newberry	a27	So. W. R. R., old	a28
Bank Charleston	a28	So. W. R. R., new	a25
Planters & Mech	a18	State Bank	a2
B'k of Hamburg	a13	Merchants Bank	a7
Bank of Camden	a24	City Council notes	a90
Bank of Chester	a 8	Planters', Fairfield	a4
B'k of Georgetown	a10	Car. Treas. Notes	a75

ALABAMA BANK NOTES.

Bank of Mobile	93	Bank of Montgomery	85
Bank of Selma	50	Eastern Bank	90
Central Bank	2	Northern Bank	25
Commercial Bank	5	Southern Bank	98

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Pensacola and Georgia Railroad Bonds	42
Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Bonds	75
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, 1st mortgage	87
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, Income	65
M. & W. Pt. Bonds, Stock	20
Macon & Western Railroad Stock	100@110
Macon & Augusta, endorsed	55@ 60
Macon & Augusta, not endorsed	70@ 75
Macon & Augusta, Stock	25@ 30
Muscogee Railroad Bonds	75@ 77
Muscogee Railroad Stock	70@ 75
Columbia, S. C. Bonds	50@ 55
Georgia 6 per cent.	73@ 75
Georgia 7 per cent	90@ 95
Georgia Coupons	89@ 90
North Carolina 6 per cent.	85@ 87
North Carolina Coupons	63@ 65
Tennessee 6 per cent	66@ 68
Tennessee Coupons	85@ 70
South Carolina Bonds, old	70@ 75
South Carolina Bonds, new	85@ 90
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 6 per cent	93@ 95
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 7 per cent	93@ 95
Memphis & Charleston Railroad Bonds	85@ 89
Georgia Railroad Bonds	100@104
Georgia Railroad Stock	90@ 95
Central Railroad Bonds	100@104
Central Railroad Stock	120@120
South Western Railroad Bonds	100@102
Southwestern Railroad Stock	93@ 95
Atlanta & LaGrange Railroad stock	95@100
Augusta Bonds	74@ 76
Atlanta Bonds, 8 per cent	85@ 85
Macon Bonds	75@ 77
Columbus Bonds	70@ 75
Savannah Bonds	80@ 82
Fulton County Bonds	80@ 85
City Checks, Atlanta	92@ 95
County Checks, Fulton	88@ 90
United States 5.20 Bonds	105@106
United States 7.30 Bonds	99@100
United States 10-40 Bonds	103@104
Atlanta National Bank Stock	100@110
Revenue Stamps	99@100
Land Warrants	94@ 99

WM. S. CARROLL,
(Formerly Wyly & Carroll.)
Commission Merchant,
AND DEALER IN
BACON, LARD, CORN, FLOUR, ROPE, BAGGING, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Salt, Candles, Cheese, &c. No. 8 Peachtree street,
oct14 dim Atlanta, Ga.

THE BEST STOCK FEED IS PEA MEAL.
For sale by
MOORE & MOORE,
nov8-d1w Broad Street, Opposite P. O.

LANGSTON, CRANE & HANCOCK,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
ALABAMA STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.

HAVE IN STORE:

25 CASKS CLEAR BACON SIDES,
20 Casks Clear Rib SIDES,
10 Casks SHOULDERS,
10 Casks Canvassed HAMS,
20 Tierces Choice LARD,
50 Cans " "
100 Bbls. Irish POTATOES,
2 Bbls. HONEY,
100 Thousand CIGARS,
100 Sacks and Half Sacks FLOUR,
75 Bbls. FLOUR, all Grades,
200 Coils ROPE,
BAGGING, FERTILIZERS, ETC.,

—TO WHICH—

The Attention of Trade is Most Earnestly Solicited.

oct18d

J. S. WILLSON,
Wholesale Dealer in
PAINTS, OILS,
—AND—
DYE STUFFS,
PURE
Drugs and Medicines,
PERFUMERY,
—AND—
TOILET ARTICLES.
PRESCRIPTIONS
CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

Give me a call and I will make it to your interest to trade with me.

J. S. WILLSON.
Druggist.
Under National Hotel,
ATLANTA..... GEORGIA.
oct24-d3m

LUMBER! LUMBER!
—AT—
MURPHY, RICE & CO.'S
LUMBER YARD,
Peachtree street, Atlanta, Georgia.
ON HAND:

500,000 FEET OF LUMBER of every kind.
FLOORING, INCH PLANK and Framing Lumber.
DRY LUMBER of all kinds, from SOUTH-WESTERN GEORGIA LONGLEAF PINE.
Also, the very best quality of SOUTH WESTERN LONGLEAF PINE FLOORING on the yard TONGUE AND GROOVED and ready to deliver at $30 PER THOUSAND.
Also, the best quality of WEATHER-BOARDING always on hand, and any other kind of LUMBER sold in this market.
TERMS CASH.
oct22—d MURPHY, RICE & CO.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
SASSEEN, YORK & JOURDAN,
PROPRIETORS.
Within 100 yards of the General Passenger Depot.
Corner Alabama and Prior Streets,
E. R. SASSEEN,
B. W. YORK,
R. T. JOURDAN, } *ATLANTA, GA.*
J. W. F. BRYSON, R. T. JOURDAN, Clerks.
june16-dtf

ROOFING! ROOFING!
Stills, Brandy Stills.
—:o:—
HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
PLUMBERS & GAS FITTERS,
COPPER SMITHS,
Workers in Sheet Iron, Copper, Zinc and Tin.
DEALERS IN
Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, Rubber Hose, Water Closets, Drain Pipes,
IRON, LEAD AND BLOCK TIN, PIPE FOR Steam, Gas and Water, Steam Fittings, Whistles, Gauges, Globe and Connecting Cocks, Oil Cups, &c., Sheet Iron, Copper, Lead, Zinc and Tin Plate, Gas Fixtures, Chandeliers Pendants, Brackets, &c.
☞ Parties Wanting Roofing in Tin or Sheet Iron, will do well to confer with us before letting your work.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Thankful for past favors and beg a continuance of the same.
HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
Opposite National Hotel and Adjoining Railroad Block,
oct16-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

TO THE TRADE.
WE invite the attention of the trade to our magnificent stock of Tobacco, consisting in part of the following celebrated brands:
CHEWING TOBACCO.
Davis & Son's Gold Leaf, Extra Fine.
Davis & Son's Rattlesnake,
Davis & Son's Three Belles,
Magnolia of the South,
Three Kings,
Brown's Best,
R. E. Lee,
T. J. Jackson,
H. P. Moore,
Mountain Rose,
Rosa Bell, Gold Bar,
Rosa Bell, Twist,
Meteor's Best,
Max 1 A,
Max 2 A,
Magnet,
Tycoon and many other popular brands.
SMOKING TOBACCO.
Pride of Virginia, Hiawatha, Honey Dew, Tee Mule, Fruits and Flowers, and a variety of other superior brands.
JORDAN, HOWARD & HALSON,
oct15-d Wholesale Druggists, Whitehall street.

Chicago Ale Depot.
M. KENNY has constantly on hand a full supply of the celebrated LILLY'S CHICAGO ALE, and is prepared to supply dealers in quantities to suit dealers. He is also dealer in BRANDIES, WINES, [illegible] and SEGARS. Rooms 2 doors, No. 16 [illegible] next door to the Post Office, Whitehall street.
oct14—dly

"THE LIVE DRUG STORE!"

IN FULL STOCK.

1,000 boxes French Window Glass.
20,000 pounds White Lead and Zinc.
1,000 gallons Pure Linseed Oil.
300 dozen Paint Brushes and Sash Tools
Shoe, Whitewash, Marking, Stencil, Artists, Scrubbing, Tanners', Horse, Dusting Pope's Eye.
Pope's Head and Printers' Lye Brushes in endless variety. 50 barrels Pure Non-explosive Coal Oil
Pure Lard, Tanners', Sperm and Machine Oils, in large supply.

ALL THE POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES.

50 dozen assorted Trusses, best paterns, Surgical Instruments, Saddle-bags, Physicians' Cases, &c.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS,
EDINGBURG ALE, LONDON PORTER.

Three barrels of Extra Strained Honey. Every variety of Pure Drugs and Medicines, Foreign and American, Fancy Goods, Perfumeries, Combs, Brushes, &c. Being "A FIXTURE," we are determined not to be UNDERSOLD.

REDWINE & FOX,
nov8-d Corner Whitehall and Alabama streets, Atlanta, Georgia.

THROW AWAY YOUR OLD SHOES
G. H. & A. W. FORCE,
SIGN OF THE BIG IRON BOOT,
WHITEHALL STREET,
Boots, Shoes and Trunks!
A COMPLETE STOCK AND NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY!
GENTS' BOOTS AND SHOES,
OF BEST MAKES.
LADIES' SHOES, OF ALL KINDS.
Boys' Misses' and Childrens',
OF EVERY GRADE AND MAKE.
We are prepared to offer superior inducements to Wholesale Trade. Give us a call.
nov1 d1y
AND BUY A NEW PAIR CHEAP!

EXCITING, PROMPT AND SUCCESSFUL REVOLUTION
IN THE
Boot and Shoe Business!
—BY—
M. O. MARKHAM,
Successor to HENRY BANKS, at the well known stand
EMPIRE BLOCK, WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GORGIA.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of Mr. BANKS except such goods as did not come up to the highest standard for excellence) consisting of BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, &c., &c., to which there is being added an immense supply of NEW MATERIAL, in quality the best and quantity without limit, fresh from the most celebrated manufactories in the land I, am fully prepared to offer superior inducements to buyers everywhere as well as to the trade.

I call urgently upon everybody to come and examine my splendid stock. If it is possible to please, I can do it.

oct25-d3m M. O. MARKHAM.

CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.
WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
KEEP CONSANTLY ON HAND
Bacon,
Flour,
Sugar,
Coffee,
Molasses,
Syrups,
Bagging,
Rope,
Tobacco,
Cigars,
Soap,
PROVISIONS and PRODUCE of every description, and all other articles usually kept in a first class
Grocery Establishment.
Exclusively at Wholesale.
☞ Sole Agents for Euharlee Flouring Mills, (Cass county.)
☞ Consignments respectfully solicited, and prompt attention given to orders.
CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.
oct18d3m

MOST COMPLETE STOCK
—OF—
GROCERIES SOUTH OF BALTIMORE.
J. R. BOSTWICK,
Bell's Marble Building.
Cor. Broad and Marietta streets.
SUGARS, assorted, Standard, Refined and Raw.
Coffee—Moco, Ceylon, Java, Laguayra and Rio.
Molasses and Syrups from Common to Lost Drips.
Mackerel from No. 3 to the choicest Mess,
White Fish, Blue Fish, very choice and large,
Cod Fish, Salmon in kits,
Pickles in half barrels, very desirable,
Smoked Beef and Tongues,
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.
Cheese, every variety received weekly.
Any article in the line of
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Can be had in quantities to suit dealers. This fine stock should attract
Close Cash Buyers.
We will sell any order or sell any article at NORTHERN PRICES, Freight added.
oct23—

A PAIR
—OF—
BOOTS
—BY—
EVERY MAN IN TOWN,
—AT—
I. T. BANKS'
SHOE & LEATHER STORE,
RAWSON'S BUILDING,
Cor. Whitehall and Hunter Streets.
oct13—

ST. LOUIS LEAD & OIL COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STRICTLY PURE
WHITE LEAD!

Linseed, Castor & Cotton Seed Oils,
OFFICE AND FACTORY:
Cor. Cass and Second sts., St. Louis.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX, Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
oct14—d6m

Castle Rock Coal!
We are now prepared to furnish this
CELEBRATED COAL
IN ANY QUANTITY.
EITHER for manufacturing or domestic use. Having established a
Yard Opposite Our Warehouse,
for the receipt and delivery of the same, families can be supplied at short notice when
Orders are Left at Our Office.
THIS COAL being free from Sulphur and not liable to slack by exposure, renders it superior for purposes above named. Prices, at our yard, are

...Constitution.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 7.

Duty of ... Democracy—Their ... Prospects.

We of Kentucky cannot at present know what Grant and Congress will undertake to do. But it is very easy for us to understand what ourselves should do. It is our duty to ourselves, to our country, and to the human race to stand firm, to keep our courage, to preserve our hearts, to maintain and if possible strengthen our organization, to put our whole strength for good and brave and true men in every election, to watch vigilantly all the acts and outgivings of the party in power, to instruct the who'e people as far as possible in regard to the demands of the hour, the interest and the welfare of the nation, and to sound the ... and fearlessly at the ap... aggression or indication ... upon public rights and the ...

...plate for a moment ... the Democratic organ... abandon it. To aban... of a traitor. No Demo... pond. No Democratic heart ... No Democratic nerve need ... We have lost a great battle. Per... we lost it in part on account of our own mistakes and errors of judgment.—But our hosts are not scattered, and only a very small portion of them are at all disspirited. Our columns are unbroken, and if we but keep them so and hold ourselves in readiness to stand up to our work whenever and wherever strong hearts and sinewy arms may be needed, victory will most assuredly come to us, and it may not be long in coming. Even now it may be waiting us.

It is not possible that the radical party, as heterogeneous as it is, and differeing as its factions do in regard to many important interests and issues, can long remain united even if it is so now. The seeds of separation and dissolution are ready to sprout from it furrowed and harrowed from. The late conflict in Massachusetts between Gen. Butler and his partisans on the one side, and Mr. Dana and his partisans on the other, is a vivid foreshowing of the strifes that must soon rage throughout the whole radical party and rend it in twain if not into many fragments. Terrible as the question of the currency may be to the radicals, and great as may be their need of meeting and grappling it, they must meet and grapple it, even though, in doing, they grapple each other's throats. The public debt is rushing onward with accelerated speed, the people are writhing and groaning aloud under the burden of it, the country is ground by taxation as by the upper and nether millstone, and the next to impossible work of providing the means, which the appalling emergency demands, devolves upon the party in power. That party must decide whether the frightful debt shall be paid at all, and, if so, in what kind of funds. Decide or attempt to decide as it may, it will split asunder as if a thunderbolt were exploded within the cavity of its body. And then will come the opportunity of the ...rried and well-compacted body.

Nobody can predict with confidence what position Grant will take as President, or what he will do. He may go with one wing of his party, or he may go with the other, or, disgusted with both or annoyed and tormented with both he may go with neither. We have not a doubt that, before getting through one-half of the term of office for which he has been elected, he will be denounced by a large proportion of his own party far more bitterly than he has ever been denounced by the Democracy. Undoubtedly he would be exceedingly glad to get with the whole of his friends who have voted for him, and would willingly make almost any sacrifice of principle or ...ation to do so, but when he shall be ...ed in two opposite directions at once, ...rself ... splitting ... him two.

...Again we exhort our Democratic ...ds to retain their courage,— ... exemption from the responsibility ... management of the affairs of the na... at a time w... that responsibility is ... too vast ... heavy to be borne by ... man. ... radical party will be ... under ... until its two eyes shall ... from th... spheres" and the blood ... begun ... every pore of its frame.— ... the opportunity, the ...us opportunity of the De... only believe that, long be... cracy ... it shall go out of office, ...e Genera... exercise far more con... Democracy than the Radicals.— ... in a...

...N AT CLINTON.—We learn from a citizen of the town that the reason ... poll was opened at Clinton, was the ...eriff could not get enough men to serve ... judges and clerks. The Sheriff made ...any exertions to do so, but without effect.

At an early hour in the day a band of two hundred negroes, regularly officered, marched into the town, and into the Court House yard, in a very insolent and threatening manner, which had a good deal to do with everybody declining to serve as judges and clerks of the election. As soon as the negroes ascertained that no poll would be opened at Clinton, they, to the number of two hundred and thirty, made a forced march upon Macon, and every one of them voted here.

This, together with several hundred others, who came in from Twiggs, and other counties, explains the heavy majority they obtained in this county. Had the election been confined to actual citizens of the county, the result would have been quite close, and it is very doubtful how it would have gone.—*Macon Telegraph.*

THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT ON THE COTTON CROP.—The Agricultural Department of the Patent Office, which obtains regular and most minute information from all sections of the Union, in its report of the 30th ultimo, represents that the cotton crop will be smaller than last year. The culture was better and the preparations for planting more complete—the labor is more reliable and regular as a general rule. Early in the season, the promise was fine—serious losses have of late been incurred, however, principally from depredations from the cotton caterpillar or army worm which proved more general and severe in Louisiana than elsewhere; also very troublesome in portions of Alabama and Mississippi, and somewhat prevalent in the Carolinas and Arkansas. The heavy rains on Tennessee and the Southwest have caused anxiety, but less damage than was expected. The returns indicate a smaller ...cent., than last year, but a complete estimate will not be made till the crop is gathered.—*Savannah Republican.*

DEATH OF CAMPBELL TRACY.—We announce, with no ordinary feeling of emotion, the death of this brilliant young man. He died yesterday morning after a brief illness of a few hours.

He was the last remaining son of the late Judge Tracy. His brothers, Col. Philemon and Gen. Edward D., both fell in the late war, leaving Campbell as the last son and only hope of an aged mother.

They were all young men of extraordinary intellect, and will be long remembered by our citizens as children of the truest genius. Death has swept away the last remaining wall line of the family. Philemon died at the head of his brigade, defending Vicksburg, and Edward fell upon the sanguinary field of Gettysburg. All their mother's affection were now garnered and centered in Campbell. He was several times wounded during the war, but was spared to die, not in the battle's shock, but in a peaceful town. And with this last stay gone, the mother's heart is broken indeed. Death is terrible in any form, but coming as in this instance, it is doubly so. It is the lot of us all.

Death is a common friend or foe!
As different men may hold;
But at its summons each must go,
The timid with the bold.

Macon Telegraph.

INTERESTING OCCASION.—The members of Atlanta Lodge, I. O. O. F., will hold their semi-festival on Monday evening at their hall on Marietta street. There will be an address by one of the brothers. Members are expected to ... in full force.

THE CONSTITUTION.

Daily and Semi-Weekly.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA!

BY CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

Daily Circulation Over 3,000.

Semi-Weekly Circulation 2,000.

DAILY, PER ANNUM	10 00
" SIX MONTHS	5 00
" ONE MONTH	1 00
SEMI-WEEKLY, PER ANNUM	$3 00
" SIX MONTHS	1 50
" THREE MONTHS	1 00

THE CONSTITUTION is intensely DEMOCRATIC.

and neither pains, enterprise, nor money will be spared, in the efforts of the Proprietors, to make it a leading organ, and one of the first papers in the South.

THE CONSTITUTION has scarcely laid aside its baptismal robes, and yet its circulation is equal to, if not greater, than any political paper in Georgia. This unparalleled success is mainly attributable to the industry and enterprise which have characterized its management.

As its name imports, it is battling for the Constitution and the liberties of the people; and the patronage it has received, assures the Proprietors that their labors are appreciated, and their policy endorsed.

As an advertising medium, THE CONSTITUTION is, perhaps, superior to any paper published in the State, its circulation being confined to no particular locality, but extending from one end of the State to the other, and from the Savannah to the Chattahoochee.

The Proprietors intend no relaxation of their energy, but will add new features of interest and more vigorous enterprise as patronage increases; and they hope in future, as in the past, to merit the good will and pinudits of their numerous readers.

CAREY W. STYLES.

Latest New York News.

THE PEOPLE
GREATLY EXCITED

"COSTAR" IN THE FIELD!

LADIES!!

Look Out! Look Out!

A Beautifier 'as is' A Beautifier!

Ladies' Magazine for Sept.]

"HENRY R. COSTAR, of No. 10 Crosby street—is said to be 'out' with a BEAUTIFIER that eclipses anything ever known in this line. The Ladies are wild with delight. One Lady says, 'I know it's right,' and pointed to a skin as fresh, soft and delicate as a child. Another Lady said, 'If it cost $10 00 a bottle, I'd have it;' and another, 'Away with all hurtful cosmetics, and give me only

'COSTAR'S' BITTER-SWEET
AND
ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

It gives Beauty to the complexion, rosy glow to the Cheeks, a Ruby tinge to the Lip and Happiness complete.'

"Beware!! of worthless imitations.

All Druggists in ATLANTA sell it.

One bottle, $1 00; three bottles, $2 (0.

Or address "COSTAR," 8/10 Crosby st., N. Y.

"COSTAR'S"
Standard Preparations
ARE
"Costar's" Rat, Roach, Etc., Exterminators.
"Costar's" Bed Bug Exterminators.
"Costar's" (only pure) Insect Powder.
"Only infallible Remedies known."
"18 years established in New York."
"2 000 Boxes and Flasks manufactured daily."
"All Druggists in ATLANTA sell them."
"Beware!!! of spurious imitations."

$1.00 sizes sent by mail on receipt of price.
$2.00 for any three $1.00 sizes by Express.

Address
HENRY R. COSTAR, 10 Crosby St., N. Y.
Or JOHN F. HENRY, (Successor to)
DEMAS BARNES & Co., 21 Park Row, N. Y.

Sold by
Redwine & Fox,
nov3-dawly ATLANTA, GA.

AT THE
City Drug Store!

Do You Want Drugs,
MEDICINES,
Dye-Stuffs, Paints,
OILS, WHITE LEAD, &c., &c.?
CALL AND
EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.
I AM NOW RECEIVING
Copperas, Madder, Indigo, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Blue Stone, &c.
A Large Lot of Window Glass,
Patent Medicines,
Perfumeries and Fancy Articles,
AND ANY ARTICLE TO BE FOUND IN
A First Class Drug Store,
SUCH AS
Oils, of Every Description, Putty,
CHEMICALS,
Fancy Soaps, and Toilet Articles!
Brushes, Alcohol, &c.,
From the Most Renowned Laboratories in the World!
AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,
AND AT
THE LOWEST PRICES,
MEDICINES WARRANTED
PURE and UNADULTERATED.
PRESCRIPTIONS
Compounded Night and Day!
BY A
Thoroughly Competent Pharmaceutist.
THE SODA FOUNT HAS FROZEN UP,
But the Oils are as Soft as ever.
TRY BEFORE YOU BUY!
Corner of Whitehall and Marietta Streets, Old Nerocss Corner,
aug14 W. C. LAWSHE.

CAPITOL
Drug Store!

L. H. BRADFIELD,
DEALER IN
PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS,
Drugs and Patent Medicines,
Also, WHOLESALE AGENT for
PROPHITT'S REMEDIES:
Prophitt's Liver Medicine.
Prophitt's Pain Kill It.
Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills.

The excellent remedies of O. S. Prophitt, M. D., need no recommendation. Their well known power in removing the diseases peculiar to our Southern Climate, having already established for them an enviable reputation in Georgia and the adjoining States. As the majority of persons living in the South are pre-disposed to disease of the Liver, it is granted by all intelligent physicians that most of the pains and aches of our people are due to organic or functional derangement of that important organ. Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills and Liver Medicine strike directly at the root of the evil. They cure the Liver which, in nine cases out of ten, is at the bottom of the Coughs, Dyspepsia, Colic, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Constipation, Menstrual Obstructions, so common among our people. Earache, Toothache, Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and bodily pains of every kind, flee before PROPHITT'S PAIN KILL IT like dust before the wind.

L. H. BRADFIELD,
Wholesale Agent for
Prophitt's Celerated Family Medicines,
aug14-dawly Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

WM. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.,
GROCERS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
OLD STAND, DECATUR ST.,
ATLANTA, GA.

KEEP constantly in store a large stock of Provisions and Groceries. We most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock by buyers, before making their purchases. We make cash purchases, therefore, get goods on the best terms, and are content with very small profits.

We are now receiving A WELL ASSORTED STOCK of Choice Family Groceries, embracing Coffee, of all grades, Sugars Teas, Spices, Peppers, Cheese, Fish, Tobacco, Cigars, and all other articles to be found in a First Class Grocery House.
W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR, Pure Cider Vinegar, and Madeira Wine for cooking purposes,
W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

THE PURE POPLAR LOG WHISKY, as originally introduced by us, a good supply constantly on hand and sold *only* by us, unless purchased from us.
W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

Bird's Eye Lime.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS for Rogers' Celebrated Birds Eye Lime. No better Lime for all purposes is manufactured in this country. If you wish good masonry, plastering, or a fertilizer, use the pured lime. We keep constantly on hand, fresh from kilns, a good supply, and can furnish promptly, any quantity desired. Every barrel guaranteed.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

BACON, BACON. We have now in store and on sale 75,000 lbs. Bacon—Sides, Shoulders and Hams. LARD—Best Leaf—Tierces, Kegs and Caddies.
W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.
July 22d, 1868 d6m

O C

DENISON'S
Condition Powders
FOR
HORSES, MULES,
Cattle and Hogs,

Are unequalled for Coughs, Colds, Loss of Appetite, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Farcy, Surfeit, Lung Fever, Colic, and all diseases incident to these animals. Warranted to do all that is claimed for them, if given according to directions. See Circulars.

Manufactured by
D. M. DENISON,
COLUMBUS, GA.
PRICE $1.00 PER BOX.
For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by
REDWINE & FOX,
oct23-dly Atlanta, Ga.

Geo. L. Anderson & Co.,
GROCERS,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Mitchell street, near Whitehall,
ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

IN STORE:
20 HHDS. CLEAR SIDES,
10 hhds. Shoulders,
10 barrels Molasses,
10 sacks Coffee,
15 barrels Sugar,
12 barrels Lard,
20 kegs Lard,
Mackerel, Rice, Vinegar, Starch, Candles, Soap, Crockery Ware, Shoes, &c., &c., for sale cheap for cash, or exchanged for Wheat at a fair price.
G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

WANTED.
2,000 BUSHELS CHOICE WHEAT, by the 25th instant, for which a fair price will be paid.
G. L. ANDERSON & CO.
Atlanta, Ga., June 16, 1868—d6m

NEWSPAPER FOR SALE!
THE ALBANY
TRI-WEEKLY NEWS
IS OFFERED FOR SALE!

FINDING IT IMPOSSIBLE TO RUN BOTH THE CONSTITUTION and the NEWS, without fatal neglect to one or the other, I propose to sell the latter.

The NEWS is in a flourishing condition, having a liberal Circulation, and as much Advertising Patronage as it can accommodate. It has yielded handsome profits since I purchased it in October last; and in practical hands, with vigor in its editorial management, can be made the best paying paper in Georgia. There is a well appointed

Job Office Attached,

And the Job Work of the City will run the establishment if rightly managed.

There are two PRESSES, one of Hoe's Drum Cylinder, and one Washington Hand Press in good order, and material enough to run a Daily and Weekly. I will sell on liberal terms if application is made within Thirty Days.

Address
CAREY W. STYLES,
CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga.
or STYLES & EVANS,
Albany, Ga.
The Press requested to notice. sep4

GREAT BARGAINS.
I WILL SELL MY
Large Brick House,

WITH FIFTEEN ROOMS, sixteen Fire Places, fourteen Closets, Kitchen forty by twenty feet, good Store Room, with all necessary outbuildings, an excellent Well of Water, with the lot on which the same is situated, containing near half an acre, one hundred and twenty yards from the passenger depot, on Decatur street, in the city of Atlanta, Ga. Also

A Good Plantation,

ON Connessauga River, eight miles from Dalton, in Whitfield county, one and a half miles from Tilton, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, containing five Hundred Acres, well adapted to the cultivation of Grain, Clover, and very fair for Cotton. Also

Ten Lots of Wild Land,

WITH A GOOD ... that can well for work. The above ... made very ... Terms ...
E. J. COWART,
Atlanta, Ga.
sep16

EARNEST'S
JEWELRY STORE,
WHITEHALL STREET.
Markham's Building, Empire Block,
(Between Mitchell and Hunter Streets.)
E. E. EARNEST
HAS JUST RECEIVED A FULL STOCK OF
FIRST CLASS JEWELRY,
Consisting of elegant DIAMONDS, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES of all grades. CLOCKS of every style, and an immense assortment of
FANCY JEWELRY
And Sterling Silver, and Silver Plated Ware.

HE would especially call the attention of the ladies to his superb and beautiful assortment of Etruscas, Gold Sets set with Coral, Pearls, Garnets, &c., Ladies' Watches and Chains. All of which have just been opened, and are for sale at

NEW YORK PRICES.

HE is determined to keep the finest quality of JEWELRY, and is prepared to guarantee satisfaction, as well in style as in prices.

Thanking the public and his friends for past liberal favors, he respectfully submits his claims for continued patronage. oct10-d3m

MACGREGOR LINE!
DIRECT
Steam Communication
WITH EUROPE!
THE
Georgia and Liverpool
LINE!
OF
First-Class New Iron Clyde-Built Steamships,
COMPOSED OF THE

SABASOTA,	Now building.
SALUDA,	Now building.
SELMA,	Now building.
SAVANNAH,	Now building.
SATILLA,	Now building.
WAVERLY,	Captain BRYSON.
LEITH,	Captain BARNETSON.
STIRLING,	Captain BLACK.
RIGA,	Captain HUNTER.
DON,	Captain MASON.

Freight taken from and to St. Louis, Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg, Selma, Montgomery, Eufaula, Tallahassee, Atlanta, Macon, Columbus, Augusta, Griffin, Albany, Americus, Greensboro, Madison, Covington, Athens, Newnan, LaGrange, West Point, Cuthbert, Dawson, Thomasville, Cartersville, and all points in the Southern States, Great Britain and the Continent.

Bills of lading signed on Railroad receipts at interior points of shipment. Press receipts at Savannah and dray receipts at Liverpool. Insurance effected from interior points of shipment and from Savannah, when desired, on our open policies here or in Liverpool.

Advance of three-quarters of the value at the time of shipment given upon consignments, and proceeds guaranteed.

Proposed days of sailing from Savannah, 1st and 15th of Each Month, commencing as follows:

WAVERLY, 1,500 bales capacity, 15th November.
DON, 2,500 bales capacity, - - 1st December.
RIGA, 3,500 bales capacity, - - 15th December.
LEITH, 4,500 bales capacity, - - 1st January.

Extra steamers of 1,500 and 3,000 bales capacity will be despatched to Liverpool, Havre, Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Trieste, Genoa, and Cronstadt, whenever inducement offers.

Freight taken from Cardiff, or any indirect port, for Savannah. Apply to
WM. M. TUNO & CO.
In Liverpool to STODDART BROTHERS, and Leith to DONALD R. MACGREGOR.
sept6 d3m

"Westward the Star of Empire takes its Way."

SECURE A HOMESTEAD
IN CALIFORNIA.

The Imigrant and Homestead Association of California,

Incorporated under the laws of the State, November 30th, 1867, for the purpose of

PROVIDING HOMES
FOR ITS MEMBERS,

and thereby induce imigration.

CAPITAL STOCK $1,000,000,

Divided into 200,000 shares at $5 per share payable
IN U. S. CURRENCY.

Certificates of Stock issued to Subscribers immediately upon receipt of the money.

No Person allowed to Hold More than 5 Shares.

A Circular containing a full description of the property to be distributed among the Stockholders, sent to any address upon receipt of stamps for return postage.

Information as to price of land in any portion of the State, or upon any other subject of interest to persons proposing to imigrate, cheerfully furnished upon receipt of stamps for postage.

All letters should be addressed
Secretary Imigrant Homestead Association,
Post Office Box No. 86
sep25-d2m San Francisco, Cal.

Administrators' Sale.

ON the FIRST TUESDAY in November next, will be sold at the Court House door in LaGrange, Troupe County, Georgia, within lawful hours of sale 1,100 acres of LAND, more or less, in the Hogansville District of Meriwether county, and the 11th District of Meriwether county, and known as the plantation of Dr. James S. Phillips, late of said county. Sold as the property of said deceased, for distribution.

Terms 60 days credit.

Persons desiring to look at said lands, can do so by seeing Mr. Camp on the premises, or the Administrators at Hogansville, Georgia.

JOHN D. PHILLIPS,
WM. E. GLANTON, } Administrators.
Hogansville, Sep. 23. sep25-d4t

REMOVAL.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!

MEADOR & BROTHERS have removed their TOBACCO STORE to the large and commodious store, recently occupied by W. F. Meador, two doors above Jackets, on Whitehall street. They now offer the largest and most varied

STOCK OF TOBACCO

ever offered in any Southern market.

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

1868. DRY GOODS. 1868.
Fall and Winter Dry Goods.
JOHN M. GANNON,
(Corner WHITEHALL and HUNTER Streets,)

IS just in receipt of the following splendid line of Goods, which he has carefully selected, and will dispose of at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction:

DRESS GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

A great variety of Cloaks and Shawls; a splendid line of Blankets and Flannels; a full assort of Hoop and Balmoral Skirts, Irish Linens, Birds' Eye Diapers, Table Linen, Scotch Plaids, Check Brown Cloths, Cassimeres, English Tweeds, Satinets, Kentucky and North Carolina Jeans, Sheetings, Shirtings, Denims, Stripes, Tickings, Osnaburgs, Linseys, Drills, Checks and everything kept in a first class Dry Goods store.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

It affords me pleasure to be able to state that this system has been a complete success and gives general satisfaction to my customers. For the benefit of those who have not been in the habit of doing business with me, I state that there is only one price for every article sold in my store, so that there is no danger of any person being overcharged for goods under any circumstances—in other words that I can purchase goods in my store as cheap as the closest judge. I wish it distinctly understood that if any goods purchased in my establishment fail to come up to representation, they can be returned and the money will be refunded.

All consumers of dry goods are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
oct4-d3m JOHN M. GANNON.

JNO. W. WALKER, Augusta, Ga. GEO. A. ALLEN, Paducah, Ky. JNO. F. TREUTLEN, Enfield, Ala.

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

We have this day associated ourselves together under the style of
WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN,
—AS—
COTTON FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND SHIPPING AGENTS,
In this city, and would solicit from our friends and the public generally,
CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, GRAIN AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

Special attention will be given to orders for BAGGING, ROPE, etc. When desired will make advances on Produce in store.
WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN,
Office, No. 8 Drayton street.
Savannah, Ga. Sept19d2m

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE
Via Atlanta & Augusta.
Connections by this Line are most Certain and Sure at all Seasons.
The Eating Houses on this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted.
Ample time given for Meals at regular Ho rs.
Conductors on this Line are Affable and Courteous to Passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS
Between West Point, Ga., and Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time & Sure Connections
VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase
THROUGH TICKETS
and have their
Baggage Checked Through
From New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta, to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York, by

Four Different Routes
Via Augusta, Ga.
Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this route. These splendid Sleeping Cars run through from Atlanta, Ga., to Branchville, on S. C. Railroad, without change at Augusta.

The Great Southern
Passenger and Mail Route
Via Augusta, to Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philapelphia and New York.

Passengers can have choice of Four different Routes via Augusta to Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Fare the Same by Either Route,
Via Augusta, Kingville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Through Tickets sold at New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York by this route.

Through Tickets sold at Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers taking this route can have their Baggage Checked through from Montgomery, Alabama, to Washington, Philadelphia and New York by four different routes via Augusta. Baggage checked through from Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington Philadelphia and New York.

The Train leaving Atlanta at 5:40 P. M. has attached to it Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars, and makes close connections at Augusta with Trains to the following places: Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, and Columbus, Ga., make close connections at Atlanta with Trains for Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New York.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a
Splendid Line of Steam Ships
from Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

CHARLESTON STEAM SHIPS
offer inducements to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed, and Comfort

Are Unrivalled on the Coast!

Through Tickets on sale in Montgomery, West Point, and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steam Ships.

J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
Augusta, Ga., Sep. 23, 1868. sep22-d1f

DAILY PASSENGER LINE
BETWEEN
Atlanta and New York,
Philadelphia, Washington,
AND OTHER
EASTERN CITIES
VIA
Western and Atlantic,
—AND—
Virginia & Tennessee Railways.

ALL RAIL ROUTE!

Time Table, May 1st, 1868.

NORTH.

Leave Atlanta	7.00 P M
Leave Dalton	2.30 A M
Leave Knoxville	11.17 A M
Leave Bristol	7.18 P M
Leave Lynchburg	9.00 A M
Leave Washington	1.00 P M
Leave Baltimore	3.55 P M
Leave Philadelphia	1.23 A M
Arrive at New York	5.20 A M

SOUTH.

Leave New York	7.30 P M
Leave Philadelphia	11.00 P M
Leave Baltimore	3.10 A M
Leave Washington	6.30 A M
Leave Lynchburg	6.25 P M
Leave Bristol	7.10 A M
Leave Knoxville	2.56 P M
Leave Dalton	9.48 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	6.45 A M

Time between Atlanta and New York, 37 hours.

The GREAT MAIL between Atlanta and New York is carried exclusively by this Line.

Sleeping Coaches on all Night Trains

THROUGH TICKETS
GOOD UNTIL USED,
—AND—
BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH
TO ALL IMPORTANT POINTS.
E. B. WALKER,
Master of Transportation,
aug16-d3m W. & A. R. R.

1868
Summer Arrangement.
GREAT WESTERN PASSENGER ROUTE
TO THE NORTH AND EAST
—VIA—
LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI
—OR—
INDIANAPOLIS

Passengers by this Route have choice of
Twenty-five Different Routes
NEW YORK
Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Passengers holding tickets by this route to New York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore can stop over in Washington without extra charge.

Fare Same as via Knoxville and Augusta.

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA
Daily at 8:15 a. m. and 7 p. m.

After arrival of all Southern Trains, and close connections to above named cities.

Check Baggage to Louisville, and will be re-checked to destination at Junction of Louisville and Nashville, before arrival at Louisville.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars
ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS AT GOOD HOTELS.

ASK FOR TICKETS
VIA LOUISVILLE

Tickets by this Route for sale at
General Ticket Office, Atlanta.
E. B. WALKER,
Master of Transportation.
aug16—d3m W. & A. R. R.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

ON and after May 13th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH.

LEAVE ATLANTA.

8.15 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) for PASSENGER.—Arrive at Chattanooga 4.45 P. M., connecting with Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the West; for New York and other Eastern cities via Louisville; also with trains for Philadelphia and Charleston Railroad for Philadelphia and Charleston Railroad for Philadelphia, New Orleans, etc.

8.15 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) for ACCOMMODATION.—Arrive at Kingston 5.57 P. M., Cartersville 6.37 P. M., Allatoona 9.19 P. M., Dalton 12.25 A. M.

7.00 P. M. DAILY GREAT Southern Mail.—Arrive at DALTON 1.20 A. M., connecting with trains for Knoxville, Bristol, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Arrive at Chattanooga 4.45 A. M., connecting with Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the West; for New York and other Eastern cities via Louisville; also with trains for Philadelphia and Charleston Railroad for Philadelphia, St. Louis and the West.

COMING SOUTH

ARRIVE AT ATLANTA.

3.45 A. M. DAILY GREAT Southern Mail.—Leaving CHATTANOOGA at 11.00 A. M., connecting with trains from Louisville, Nashville, Chattanooga and Memphis and Charleston Railroads, and Dalton at 8.00 P. M., connecting with trains of E. Tenn. and Va. Railroad.

11.00 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) from ACCOMMODATION.—Leave Dalton at 8.00 A. M., Kingston 5.22 A. M., Allatoona 6.18 A. M., Marietta at 9.47 A. M.

1.10 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) from PASSENGER.—Leave Chattanooga at 8.00 A. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga, and Memphis and Charleston Railroads.

Pullman's Patent Sleeping Cars
ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.
E. B. WALKER,
aug16—d Master of Transportation.

THE GEORGIA SALOON
—AND—
RESTAURANT
UNDER THE POST OFFICE.
Corner Broad and Alabama Sts.
OPEN AT ALL HOURS, AND ACCOMMODATION GUARANTEED UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES.

THE very best Liquors, Wines, Ales, etc., etc., will be kept at the BAR OF THE EATING SALOON will, at all times, be supplied with the best this or any other market affords.
sep23-d3m E. C. REID, Proprietor.

LIVE AND HAVE COMFORT.
The Best Coal in this Market.
Messrs. M. C. Wilcox & Co's
Coal Creek, East Tenn.

I AM prepared to furnish this superior Coal to the citizens of Atlanta, or to the railroads in this State, or Alabama, at reduced prices:

Lump Coal, per car load, 24c. per bu.
Less quantity than do 25c. "
Nut Coal per car load 20c. "
Less quantity than do 22c. "
Coke per car load, 20 cents per bu.
Coke, less than car load 25 cents per bu.

Orders respectfully solicited. The best of shipment from the mines direct. The cheapest steam wood in this market, per cord, burn in the chimney without a grate. Call on Thompson's Hotel lot.
EDWARD FAIR.
Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 19th.

Up Country Farm For Sale.

CONTAINING 625 ACRES, in Bartow county, 3 miles from Cartersville, 6 from Kingston. Good land. Well watered. 60 Acres in cultivation well timbered. Good Dwelling House and Screw, good cotton gin and screw. PRICE, $10 PER ACRE.

Will sell Crop and Stock if wanted. Will sell growing Crop and satisfy yourself before you buy. Terms: CASH.
McMAHON, CONLEY & CO.
Atlanta Ga., Sept. 9th, 1868.